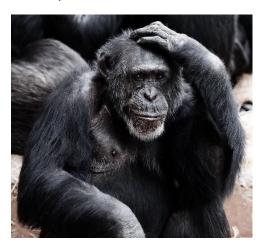
# **Evolution Challengers**

Non-Denominational Highlights & Commentary on Morris, Behe, Meyer, Wells, & Other Creation Scientists



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In this book, I highlight the works of a cloud of witnesses in the creation science realm.

These notes highlight a few key ideas in my own words. Be sure to refer to these masterworks to delve much deeper into these topics.

When inserting my own ideas while presenting highlights of a book, I indicate them by "Note: ..." and using purple text.

This book focuses on science, and inasmuch as religious topics arise, commentary on such is non-denominational.



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## The Genesis Impact by Genesis Apologetics: A Docudrama Exposing Hominids & Other Evolution Claims – Highlights

Full video here:

https://youtu.be/H2sWzApuuvc?si=Zkw\_e gj8YU4DshbK

Here are some introductory highlights of points made in the presentation, you'll find many more ideas evidences images and so on in the full presentation.

How many pages of the Bible do we have to turn before we can find reliable truth?

The 98% similarity to chimp DNA claim: Chimps' genomes are 4.3% bigger. This doesn't match the claim of 98% similar DNA. They intentionally left out a lot of information. The real similarity is

between 66 and 86%, which doesn't allow for the hundreds of millions of changes in the time allotted for evolution. We also have similar genetic similarities to cows and dogs.

### The general lack of 'hominid' fossils:

- -Lucy is about 3 million years old. The claimed hominid fossils from 2 to 3 million years ago fit in a shoe box. This doesn't give much evidence of transitions.
- -Darwin admitted the lack of transitional fossils to be a strong point against his theory.
- -All of the <u>hominid fossils could fit in</u> <u>the back of a pickup truck</u>. This is all the evidence they have for the entire supposed human line.
- -The leading paleontologist on hominids says there are more scientists studying this than there are findings of it.
- -He says the skulls you see on National Geographic are incredibly rare, there are

only a few dozen of those; most of what they work with are tiny fragments of incomplete findings.

### On the Ardi hominid claim:

- -From 100 bones over a 30 ft radius.
- -The picture they showcase is an enhanced computer animation; the actual bones found were in terrible shape.
- -It took 3 years to dig up and 10 years to put together, and they said the bones were in terrible condition. None of the bones were found connected together.
- -It has the same brain size as a chimp.
- -They ran 11 different models of configurations, and chose the one that fit their theory.
- -Based on what they selected from these 11 models, they say it walked up right because the vertebrae fit into the skull. However, the bones are missing the neck vertebrae, and missing the complete base of the skull where it would fit in.

- -They say it must have walked up right based on the curve of the spine, but they are missing the spine, which they just estimated based on the pelvis.
- -The pelvis wasn't intact either. They reconstructed what they thought the pelvis would look like, and based on that, they made what they thought the spine would look like.
- -It was digitally reconstructed 14 times before they chose the one they liked. Many scientists disagree with the claims that this creature walked upright, citing a lack of evidence and excessive speculation.
- -Her hands and feet look ape-like.
- -The specimen clearly has the head etc. of a chimp, and they base their speculation that it was an upright walker on a because of a bump on the pelvis.

#### On the Lucy hominid claim:

-Lucy is considered the best hominid

- evidence and is paraded in textbooks as such.
- -It is claimed that they found 400 of these but what they mean is not 400 specimens, but 400 bone pieces.
- -30% of those pieces are teeth.
- -They say they found 400 specimens like Lucy, but really, all they have is enough bones to fill a little bucket.
- -Lucy was found spread over three meters on a hillside in hundreds of pieces.
- -20 tons of sediment were sifted to find 20% of her bones.
- -Artists have rendered Lucy as having human like hands human-like feet and white eyes, yet none of this was evident in the fossils.
- -,Female chimps are the same height and weight as Lucy.
- -They didn't find Lucy's skull, only skull fragments. Lucy discovers said that Lucy's skull was almost entirely missing.
- -There's a bone at the bottom of Lucy's skull, and they say it's not supposed to be

there; that might be from some other animal because it's a typical monkey bone.

- -The spine of the ape enters the skull at an angle, so they have to walk hunched down, and this is the type of vertebrae we have for Lucy.
- -Lucy's hands were very ape-like.
- -They didn't find any feet of Lucy, yet they put feet on the displays of Lucy, notably human feet.
- -They found a human-like footprint and human bones a thousand miles away from the Lucy find and claimed that the print was of Lucy's species.
- -A recent study suggests that Lucy died falling from high up in a tree. What was she doing up there if she could walk?

See Dr. Oxman Order of Man.

### On the Homo Habilis hominid claim:

- -Habilis is claimed to come after Lucy in the evolutionary line.
- -They've not found the complete creature,

they have fewer than 100 pieces of what they think belongs to him. The creature is shown in museums around the world in complete form.

- -The creature is shown with white (human-like) eyes.
- -Human tools have been found by the creature, but it's unknown if they were **used** by the creature or on the creature.
- -Near the site there were many types of tools and many animals in the same dig as a formation known to have been made by nomadic people.
- -There were many animals and tools outside the hut and many mounds; clearly, **people** were living there.
- -The lead researcher said the area was a lot like what we see today.
- -The Stone tools were complex.

#### On the Neanderthal hominid claim:

- -Next is Neanderthals. These were humans.
- -DNA shows they lived and worked with

#### humans.

- -They were accepted in the same clan and community as humans.
- -They have jewelry artwork weapons etc.
- -They dived for shells, made musical instruments, and yet the museums and show them as foolish apes.

#### **Additional Points:**

The (phylogenetic) tree of life connecting the species is guesswork and theoretical. Their own chart admits that there's no direct fossil evidence connecting various hominid types.

Darwin's finches are considered the top evidence for evolution. Different-sized beaks on different islands customized to different food sources available are merely adaptations. From there, they believe that adding millions of years will result in species change. It takes a lot of faith to believe that. We have thousands of years of recorded history, and no one has seen a new species emerge. There are various breeds of animals, but they can't be crossbred with other species. DNA can be expressed differently without changing the DNA; this phenomenon, called epigenetics, explains the variation within a species, even within a couple of species.

The theory of evolution keeps changing. News articles continue to say that the missing link is still missing, and the tree of life connections continue to be redrawn.

We have many all-or-nothing systems. We have a conscience. For the system to work, you need the heart, blood, and veins at the same time; they couldn't have evolved one at a time. Blood coagulation requires five complex steps and five complex systems. Without all that in place from the beginning, we would all bleed to death.

The age of the Earth is based on radiometric dating. Consider these three assumptions required for radiometric dating to work:

- The rate of decay is an assumption. We don't know the past decay rate or the possibility of different Earth environments.
- 2. Another assumption is the initial amount of the parent element.
- 3. A third assumption is the initial amount of the daughter element.

Rocks formed from a volcanic eruption witnessed by man, in theory, would give a radiometric age the same as the known age. However, when these studies are done, radiometric dating misses the known age by millions of years. A 10-year-old rock from the Mount St Helens eruption was radiometrically dated to about 2 million years.

The Bible is clear: Generations are given back to Adam, and Adam is made by God, not evolved from an ape-like creature.

They say Pangaea split into the current configuration **over millions of years** based on how fast the plates are moving today. But consider the Morrison formation, 13 states in the middle of the US have many Marine creatures. Modern Science says these dinosaurs were from a comet hitting around Mexico, thousands of miles away from the target site. This great distance is troubling, as is the fact that the bones are buried under multiple layers of watery sediment. Widespread vulcanism contributing to the extinction event is another indicator that the extinction was **rapid and catastrophic.** 

Over the last few decades, scientists have been discovering **soft tissue in dinosaur bones**. Over 50 peer-reviewed secular science journals have reported on 14 bioorganic materials found in dinosaur bones. They find blood cells, blood vessels, connective tissue, and collagen, which has a maximum shelf life of just tens of thousands of years. Yet these bones are supposedly 65 million years old. Many dinosaur fossils still contain original bones that haven't turned into rock. And we find dinosaur bones that are bones, not fossilized rocks.

When so-called living fossils are found, they are explained away, saying evolution paused with this animal. In 1938, a live Coelacanth was found in Madagascar. This animal was considered a transitional creature between fish and amphibians. So, was the law of thermodynamics breaking down the system idle for millions of years? Not even a living large dinosaur would dissuade evolutionists from their dogmatic insistence on ancient dinosaurs and an old Earth, as we see by already having discovered 'living fossils.'

The Bible says in the beginning God made them male and female. This gets rid of evolution from the start, they weren't made as primates.

Note: The existence of an evolutionist who allows a creationist to talk and sometimes sympathizes with their viewpoints (as seen in this docu-drama) is probably as fictitious as the hominids!



### <u>Darwin's Doubt by Stephen</u> <u>Meyer – Book Highlights &</u> <u>Commentary</u>

This was written after his landmark book, "Signature in the Cell." He responds to some criticism of his work there. This is an excellent and detailed book that thoroughly examines specific evolutionist claims. My notes here only reflect a few general principles.

Here is a summary of the book that he

gives toward the end. 4 specific scientific critiques of the inadequacy of Neo-Darwinism in this book are

- "1. Neo-Darwinism has no means of efficiently searching available combination space for functional genes and proteins and consequently
- 2. It requires unrealistic unrealistically long waiting times to generate even a single new Gene or protein, and the new mechanism cannot produce body plans because
- 3. Early acting mutations, the only kind capable of generating large-scale changes, are also invariably deleterious and
- 4. Genetic mutations cannot in any case generate the epigenetic information necessary to build a body plan."

Darwin identified the lack of transitional fossils as a significant problem in his theory. He hoped later researchers would find them, but no one has. Dogmatic Darwinists are more confident about the theory than Darwin himself was. Darwin was at least able to acknowledge the weakness of his theory in the absence of transitional fossils.

One Chinese scientist pointed out that in China, you can't question the government, but you can question Darwin; in America, you can question the government, but you can't question Darwin!

Scientific literature in every field is raising serious problems with Neo-Darwinism.

Darwin was all about a universal common ancestor, and natural selection being how we have variety today.

Evolutionists say the soft and hard parts of animals had to evolve simultaneously, as the animal couldn't survive with just the soft part.

There are many fossils of soft parts of

animals which go against Darwin's longstanding theory.

Many fossils are even more complex than the animals of today, which goes against Darwin's simple-to-complex theory.

There are Precambrian fossils of tiny, soft animals, but not of transitional fossils. If even the tiny, soft animals were preserved, then the other transitional animals would have been too. Lots of data indicate that transitional animals never existed, and this is true even though many pre-Cambrian environments were ideal for fossilization.

With how much we know about the fossil record now, we can't claim that these transitional fossils might be out there somewhere. It's like reaching into a bag of marbles and pulling out blue, red, and yellow. At first, you think the whole rainbow might be in there, but as you keep pulling out marbles and only get

the same three colors, you can't keep saying that it's likely the whole rainbow is in there, much less the whole spectrum of colors between each color!



Scientists now see that the Cambrian explosion occurred over a much shorter period of time than previously thought.

They say the Cambrian explosion is like one minute of a 24-hour day when compared to the age of the Earth. Evolutionists play word games to try and make it seem like they came in an explosion which took many millions of years, claiming a series of explosions, etc. Evolutionists are continually seeking ways to downplay the apparent explosiveness of the Cambrian explosion.

Meyer engages in numerous debates and discusses some of these in the text. (Note – he is one of the greatest debaters.)



Many fossils that aren't even animals are claimed to be intermediate animal fossils.

There are many leaps in complexity that occur within a relatively short period of geological time, which natural selection cannot account for. They have been called 'quantum leaps.'

Neo-Darwinism is like classical Darwinism, requiring significant amounts of time, and Neo-Darwinism focuses on mutations. They claim that significant mutations occurred over 40 million years in the Cambrian and Ediacaran periods, which is not nearly enough time for natural selection to make those changes. That's why they call these 'explosions.'

The first principle is not to fool yourself; you are the easiest person to fool. If you fool yourself, you'll fool others.

They **come up with names for intermediate** branches on their phylogenetic tree when no discoveries of those animals have been made, it's just a name, a **placeholder**!

Scientists will admit amongst themselves the weak points of their theories, but in public, they deny or undermine those points.

Homologous structures were once considered signs of a common designer until evolutionary theorists imposed their dogmatic view on everyone, insisting that these actually meant a common ancestor.

Evolutionists downplay the Cambrian explosion, claiming that millions of years of evolution caused that explosion, but that this evolution was all hidden!

Scientists admit that there is overwhelming evidence in the fossil record that animals evolved much earlier than the theory of evolution suggests.

Note: This does not refer to deep time; it refers to the order in which fossils are found.

Scientists admit that whenever you see a time in geologic literature, you should

demand uncertainty.

Scientists claim that we already know that life evolved from a common ancestor, so they automatically reject findings that don't agree with that conclusion.

Scientists admit there is no tree of phylogenetic life pointing to a common ancestor. Genes do not give information about evolutionary relationships.

Molecular and anatomical data frequently disagree, leaving scientists arguing about how to classify them.

We are aware of numerous instances where similarity does not necessarily indicate common ancestry. Evolutionists repeatedly invoke convergent evolution to uphold their theory from collapse, while convergent evolution goes against all of their homology arguments. The whole phylogenetic tree is based on similarity

being a reliable indicator of ancestry, and as we see, they don't have this anymore.

There's no consistent, coherent way to organize all animals into a family tree.

Imagine that you're invited to a reunion of distant family. You get there and you're supposed to organize yourselves into first cousins, second cousins, etc., based on appearance and common ancestry stories. But the more you talk to the people at the event, the more you realize you don't have the same story, and not many people there look like you at all. This is what we have with the animal classification and the phylogenetic tree of life. (The analogy breaks down when you consider that all humans were from a common human ancestor, but all living things were not.)

Punctuated equilibrium theory is a way to try to confront the stasis in the fossil

record, in other words the lack of transitional fossils which Darwin's gradualistic theory requires. Punctuated equilibrium is about long periods of nothing happening, and then lots of things happening, and then back to long periods of nothing. (The only reason they have long periods of nothing is to account for traditional evolution time.) Gould was very popular for advocating this.

Meyer debunks the concepts of allopatric speciation and punctuated equilibrium. These theories require unusual speed and flexibility.

Mendel demonstrates that Darwin's concept of blended inheritance is incorrect. The discoveries of Mendel posed significant challenges to Darwin's theory.



Mutation is an editor, not a composer.

The probability of producing a new gene or protein is astronomically small. With the amount of time they are giving us, it's not even close to enough time to make this a possibility. Even with billions of years, if you took a single phrase and mixed up that phrase and added random letters onto it, you couldn't get a complete library.

Richard Dawkins had a computer program recreate a phrase, but this does not really mirror natural selection because **natural** selection isn't given a phrase to look for.

Before any beneficial protein gene folding occurs through random natural selection, functional benefits would be lost.

Chapter 11 discusses a case where a scientist allowed an article questioning evolution to be peer-reviewed and published in an academic journal, only to be promptly fired for doing so.

Evolutionists make claims about genes evolving, which are **as unsupported as alchemists** 'claims of turning lead into gold.

Evolutionists make claims about gene mutation very similar to taking a book, rearranging its paragraphs randomly, changing the spelling of words, reordering the page number, the page arrangement, etc., and expecting a more advanced book to be made from this random process.

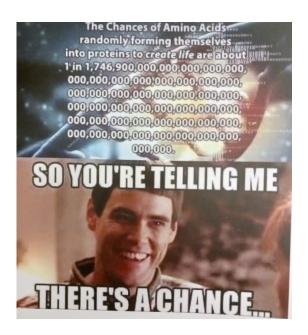
Note: Remember: evolution is all about natural selection, which means that, left to themselves, things will naturally do this stuff. However, the obvious reality is the opposite – that nature disassembles, destroying everything (it's that pesky little 2<sup>nd</sup> law of thermodynamics). Only the supernatural God creates.

Note: Here's a million-dollar question for 'Christian evolutionists, why do we embrace the timeline of natural selection? Surely supernatural selection could do it faster? Guided vs unguided processes? But time is the sacred cow of evolution – get rid of old Earth, and it soon becomes apparent that everything about the theory of evolution is bogus. If the evolutionists leave the party, no one will want to come anymore (or, better said, be forced to come anymore), and all this common ancestor nonsense will fall away.

Evolutionary biologists use the term 'de novo' to refer to unexplainable sudden

changes. (New terms don't solve problems.)

Evolutionists rarely discuss the mathematical probabilities associated with the theories they propose. Evolutionary scientists have tried to find ways around the mathematical statistical problem, but are now beginning to face the facts.



You can't swap jeans around like Lego bricks.

Meyer points out various animals with specific features that could not have evolved gradually. Evolutionists **oversimplify** the mathematical probability of evolution by oversimplifying organisms, mutations, and the process of creation, as well as the potential effects of mutations. This oversimplification leads to a neglect of the fact that many systems require multiple components to be assembled simultaneously.

Given the current age of the Earth, there is **not enough time for a single gene to evolve**, much less an entire series of evolutions that have led to the development of animals and humans.

Evolutionists come up with **wildly imaginative** scenarios, and on the **rare occasion when they attempt to put them to the test**, **the tests fail**.

The types of mutations that do occur are not the types of mutations required by

macroevolution.

There's no sufficient variation, which means there can be no sufficient selection, which means there can be no evolution of species.

Neo-Darwinism does not account for the genetic or epigenetic origins of life. Meyer goes into detail on these subjects.

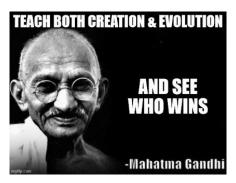
The Cambrian explosion remains a profound problem for evolution. Microevolution observed in nature only explains survival of the fittest, not the arrival of the fittest.

Neo-Darwinism depends on three claims.

- 1. That there are variations
- 2. That natural selection selects among those variations and
- 3. Those favored variations were passed on to future generations. They are variation, natural selection, and heritability. This is

the triad of evolution.

Evolutionists proposed wild-eyed theories without giving any chemical or biological explanation of how those could be feasible.



(Joking)

Any self-organizing components in chemistry are extremely basic, far simpler than the complexity of DNA. Scientists admit that **self-organization is really more a slogan** than a theory.

Note: The Jurassic Park film line, "life finds a way," is just another pro-evolution slogan

attempting to suggest that major things can happen naturally without supernatural direction or creation.

Genes do not and cannot generate new epigenetic information.

Darwinists are in trouble when you point out that natural selection wouldn't allow for much variety, so how are you going to get all the variety? Darwinists have attempted to discuss various nonfunctional gene duplication theories, but remain stuck with this problem. It makes their time for random mutations much longer, once again excluding evolution as a possibility within the time frame given by modern scientists.

Scientists admit that evolution is speculative.

The whole point of natural selection theory is to explain design without a designer.

Note: Why do people who believe God used evolution accept evolutionary timetables? Those are timetables that would supposedly be required if no designer were involved.

It's not just that nature doesn't look like it evolved; nature **specifically appears to have been designed**.

Computer simulators of evolution have a target sequence, but natural evolution should not have a target sequence. Natural selection lacks foresight. Generic mutation simulators require a forward-looking direction, and this is precisely what nature and natural selection lack.

Interdependent logical interactions show design (not natural selection, which is the heart of the theory of evolution).

See The Anarchist Manifesto.



The Cambrian explosion does not support the Darwinian idea of a bottom-up evolution.

Agassi, a contemporary of Darwin, pointed out that in the fossil record, we see various prototypes that indicate intelligent design. All these years later, that still appears to be the case.

The book "The Invisible Man" by GK Chesterton is about how someone was murdered while four honest guards did not detect the murder. It was the mailman who clearly walked up to the house, entered, and then walked back out - they just didn't suspect him. This is similar to how nature clearly suggests an intelligent designer - it's just that scientists are **unwilling to acknowledge** the designer.

The commitment to materialism in science causes them to reject intelligent design. It's not that materialism is what the evidence shows, it's **their only allowed framework**, even when the evidence points elsewhere (great full quote here if you can find it).

Scientists have **decided by fiat** to exclude anything involving intelligent design, and this is greatly hindering scientific progress, **limiting the types of theories that are** 

#### tested, etc.

We shouldn't be committed to abstract criteria about whether something is scientific or not. There are disagreements about what science is. Rather, we should focus on whether something is true.

There are unobservable phenomena, such as magnetic fields and the gravitational force, yet these are clearly scientific concepts. So, why is intelligent design, attributed to an unseen designer, not considered scientific?

Note: And yes, we can detect the impact of God, just as we can detect the impact of gravity, magnetism, and so on.

Similar logic and reasoning are employed in intelligent design and Neo-Darwinism, yet they arrive at two different conclusions.

Experience shows us that things are made

by cause-and-effect design, so why wouldn't nature be the same?

We have sufficient evidence to suggest that causal design made nature, although we don't have all the details of how, and this is logical.

They used to think there was junk DNA, that much of the genome was not necessary because it was supposedly mere leftovers from the trial and error of evolution's natural selection; now they are finding that **there is no junk DNA**. See the Encode Project.

Evolution's monopoly on science today stifles discussion.



Scientific materialism followed (Note: we might say 'is the fruit of') Darwinism, claiming that there is no purpose in life, and no purpose for Earth.

Neo-Darwinism specifically denies that natural selection is guided in any way. They say the appearance of design is an **illusion**.

You can't insist that science and religion are two separate fields and simultaneously call for the harmonization of science and religion.

Note: Great point. Either they work together to make one connective truth, or one of them is wrong.

"Why attempt to reconcile traditional Christian theology with Darwin's theory as Collins tries to do if the theory itself has begun to collapse?"

The new atheism is built upon (note: or 'is the fruit of') Darwin's theory.

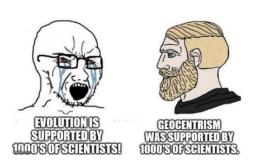
Intelligent design doesn't insist that there wasn't something before Earth.

Intelligent design suggests that life may have a purpose, implying the possibility of a god.

Intelligent design detects and identifies

creation, it doesn't just say there's a designer. The ability to detect design brings science and faith into **real harmony**. This prevents feelings of anxiety and promotes feelings of wholeness and hope. We need landmarks and steady points of reference. We need a father to call out to for help when we are troubled.

Intelligent design has faith affirming implications.



# The Politically Incorrect Guide to Darwinism by Jonathan Wells PhD – Book Highlights & Commentary

My notes here only scratch the surface to many awesome concepts from this book. Be sure to learn more from this book and other volumes in the stellar "Politically Incorrect Guide" series.

Darwinism is accepted now based on popular opinion rather than evidence. It's the 'scientific consensus.'

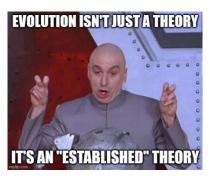
People claim that Darwinism is Central to all the life sciences, but it's not been involved in genetics etc. Mendel did not like Darwinism. The contributions in the fields of agriculture, genetics etc. have not had anything to do with Darwinism. We can have a new verb "to Darwin." When something gets stolen it's been "Darwined." Identity theft? You've been Darwined. Is someone else taking credit for work you did? You've been Darwined.

Note—I remember hearing about a doctor who said you don't need to study evolution to be a good doctor. As I recall, he got fired.

Darwinists shut down people who point out that Darwinism isn't a fact. One school put in a textbook that evolution is a theory, not a fact, and should be carefully considered before accepting it. Darwinists pulled some strings and got a court to demand they remove such instructions.

Note – Darwinists love to make the word 'theory' sound like the greatest thing ever. The problem is that theories are supposed to describe how laws work, and we can't identify which laws Darwinism is trying to defend. And we all must confess that

evolution is not a law. They also like to refer to evolution as an 'established' theory.



Darwin said the strongest evidence for his theory was embryos, yet the embryos he had drawn for his book were forgeries.

Darwinists often admit that the embryos were fudged to fit the theory, but claim that they still represent the truth. Academic dishonesty like this in any other field wouldn't stand a chance. In reality, human and animal embryos in the beginning stages look very different, and the beginning stages are the most important, even according to Darwinists.

The World isn't old enough to get all the gene strands needed to make an organism by chance. If possible, it would take trillions and trillions and trillions of years.

Note - of course, this is why they're always making the Earth and universe older. The more we show their theories are impossible, the older they make Earth to forestall their doom.

Michael Behe and others who are trying to publish intelligent design academic papers in science journals have been denied. They say it's not scientific because it's not published in journals, and they won't publish it because it's not scientific (because it can't be found in academic journals). Journals also refused to publish Behe's rebuttals to those who have published attacks against him in journals. Note – this is circular reasoning.

Our Earth is suitable for life, and they claim our universe is just lucky enough among many universes, but there's absolutely no proof or evidence that other universes exist.

Wells repeatedly demonstrates that academic freedom only applies to politically correct ideas. Intelligent design advocates are not allowed to participate in various science forums, conferences, etc.

The Smithsonian was going to have a show where they discussed evolution and drew a philosophical opinion from it that the cosmos might be designed for a reason. Evolutionists everywhere were outraged and got the Smithsonian to cancel the show. The Smithsonian said they decided to cancel the show because, upon further analysis, they concluded that such a show would not be in keeping with the mission of the Smithsonian. The Smithsonian is fine with mixing in philosophy with their science when it comes to philosophies that say there is nothing in the universe, and that we are all there in the cosmos, but if you ever want to promote a philosophy or even suggest the

possibility of a philosophy that there might be something of design in the universe and purpose, they don't allow that. On a funny note, when the Smithsonian considered airing this show, one evolutionist tried bribing the Smithsonian \$20,000 to not play the film. A critic of evolution heard about this, called the guy, and threatened to show the movie in Europe unless he paid him \$20,000, also.

Microscopic living organisms have essential individual components that, if removed, the whole system would fail. This is called irreducible complexity. What Darwin thought was a little black spot of an eye has turned out to be extremely complex. (Michael Behe talks about this in his book "Darwin's Black Box.")

Scientists blame religious people for holding on to their religion dogmatically, but Darwinists hold on to Darwinism dogmatically. The government considers it blasphemy to question evolution. Many have recognized that Darwinian evolution has been the **most significant contribution to atheism** the world has ever seen.



Evolution says that any gods worth having don't exist.

Intelligent design advocates don't just give rebuttals to Darwinism, they demonstrate that many things found in nature show obvious design. That many things don't work without design.

Darwinists say, 'Intelligent design isn't science because it isn't testable, and besides, it's been tested and found false.' (More circular reasoning.)

Teaching students for and against creationism is different from teaching intelligent design.

Evolutionists freak out whenever someone who believes in intelligent design is hired as a science professor, even when those science professors aren't teaching intelligent design to their students but are pursuing and teaching it in their private lives and at home.

Darwinists don't want critical analysis; they ban creationists from trying to do so.

Should teachers be permitted, encouraged, or required to point out problems in Darwinian evolution? Should teachers be permitted, encouraged, or required to teach intelligent design as an alternative?

There is a dispute among evolutionary biologists about all forms of life coming from a common ancestor. Nevertheless, Darwinists try to shut down intelligent design advocates from presenting that side by saying there is 'no controversy' that 'everyone agrees' on Darwinism.

Occasionally, a biology textbook will mention intelligent design only to say that there's no evidence for it and that it's just based on the Bible. But of course, they don't let students view any of the materials defending intelligent design scientifically.

In the early 2000s, Kansas removed macroevolution from its biology curriculum. Evolutionists then joined together to make it so that those school credits wouldn't count towards graduation.

Note—so much for localized education determined by parents. Everything is being federalized and globalized, and it's not you who gets to call the shots; it's someone smarter and more important than you, someone who has moved beyond the primitive ways of religion and parental rights.

Kansas and Ohio were debating whether to allow intelligent design to be taught as an alternative in schools in the early 2000s. Intelligent design advocates like Stephen Meyer and Jonathan Wells, the author of this book, advocated allowing teachers to teach both the pros and cons of the theory of evolution and not banning alternative theories.

A public high school teacher named Dehart mentioned the possibility of intelligent design in his school, and the school board approved of it. He didn't put forth his opinion; he just pointed out that there was another possibility, and the ACLU crushed him, ending his career as a public teacher.

One lady said God told her to get creation science out of the school, and nobody had a problem with that. But if she had said God told her to put creation science in the school or that God told her to get Darwinism out of the school, a lawsuit surely would have followed.

Give Darwin only praise, or you face the wrath of the judiciary. Teachers must teach Darwinism, the whole Darwinism and nothing but Darwinism. What happened to the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth?

Note – Remember how Meyer, in 'Darwin's Doubt,' pointed out one Chinese scientist who said that in China, you can't question the government, but you can question Darwin; in America, you can question the government, but you can't question Darwin!

Darwinism has been used to justify social evils such as eugenics and racism.

Darwinists put a pygmy man, Ota Benga, in a zoo as a display of monkeys becoming humans. He remained on display until a **Baptist preacher protested at this racism**, and he was set free. Shortly thereafter, he killed himself.

President Bush said both sides, Darwinism and intelligent design, should be taught.

Most successful businesses rely on the Bible, not the origin of species. To be creative is to take leaps of faith. All creative thought is based on belief, and is religious.

Hitler excused mass extermination based on Darwinian ideas.

Before Darwin, science and religion got along well. Darwin declared war on traditional Christianity.

A key tenet of Darwinism is that man is an accident.

Famous Darwinist Richard Dawkins said **Christianity is a disease**.

Several States endorse religious Darwinist views and none other.

**Critical analysis** of Darwin is now **illegal** in public schools.

The Soviets **persecuted** scientists who taught Mendelian genetics instead of Darwinism.

Wells points out many cases of professors who dared suggest intelligent design as a possibility, who got sacked.

Everyone who's been paying attention knows that there is a debate between Darwinism and intelligent design. A tactic employed by Darwinists is to claim there is no debate and that it's concluded. Anyone who knows American history knows that telling people they are not allowed to talk about something is the least likely tactic to work.

Note: We have lost much of that spirit of freedom, but I believe some of it remains with a remnant of us.

**Darwinists are on the defense**, and their behavior shows it.

The journal Nature said that **even though** all **evidence points towards design**, **we exclude that possibility** because it is not naturalistic.



Note – this causes the modern science world to go looking for answers to questions which nature has already answered in strange places, leaving them to come up with strange scenarios to explain what should have been obvious. They become fake, looking for non-design explanations, rather than just admitting that design occurred.

Orson Scott Card points out how Darwinist methods are unscientific and based on their supposed authority, that they resort to credentialism and expertism. But real science doesn't reject legitimate questions just because the person who asked the question doesn't have certain credentials.

**Resorting to credentials shows that you don't have an answer,** and you just want the questioner to go away. Expertism is to say, 'trust us you poor fools.' Darwinists tell the general public we are too dumb to understand.

Evolutionists continue to embarrass themselves by being emotional and out of control in their response to critiques and questions of intelligent design. They're not acting scientifically, they're acting dogmatically.

The arrogance being exhibited by Darwinists is the classic attitude of a loser. The only question is whether they will go down gracefully, or go out kicking and screaming, censoring and denouncing to the bitter end.

Darwinism is funded by compulsory taxation with many billions of dollars a year. The very small intelligent design movement is funded very modestly, all by donations.

Most intelligent design research must be done in secret not because it is unethical, but because if Darwinists find out about it, they will shut it down. Many people involved in intelligent design research kept it a secret because they would lose their jobs if people knew.



Intelligent design is not based in the Bible, and it is not based in America. Its popularity is growing worldwide.

Science can never be decided by judicial fiat. Darwinists may control what we are able to say, but they can't control what we think. **A** major scientific revolution is at hand,

all the signs are here - forcing the opposition into silence etc.

# Herea are a few more notes from Wells' P.I.G. to Darwinism, these are specifically from Chapter 1 on Wars and Rumors:

Darwinism claims that design is just an illusion.

Intelligent design is not a Bible-based theory but a scientific theory based on nature and logic.

Often, Darwinists claim to be just peddling 'change over time,' but they're getting at much more.

Evolutionists claim that the attack against evolution is a war on everything, and that intelligent design would ruin everything.



Change ACROSS species (speculative)

Change WITHIN species (demonstratable)

Note – evolutionists certainly have their tentacles in almost everything these days, but this mindset of 'evolution is everything' is an overreaction. As evidenced by "Big History" and related projects, evolution-based thinking is a cancer that won't stop growing, infecting all of academia.

The 2005 Time Magazine had an edition on the evolution controversy and pictured God pointing to an ape.

Change over time is simply history. It is obvious. Darwinian evolution is much

different from simply changing over time. Darwinism suggests change across species, but what has been **observed is only change within species**. **Changing gene frequencies and descent modification are obvious, but they don't happen across species**. Genesis says God created certain kinds, and these firm distinctions are is evident in nature and science.

#### Darwinism claims that

- 1. All living things are descendants of a common ancestor.
- 2. That undirected natural selection is the principal agent causing speciation.
- 3. That unguided processes are sufficient to explain all living things, and whatever appears to be designed is an illusion.

Darwin said he wanted all beings to be descendants of a few beings from the distant past. He said natural selection is the most important means of modification.

Note – Evolutionists work to erode the reality of Adam and Eve, the first parents.

They claim these beings lived tens of thousands of years ago, and that their parents were hominids, extremely similar to themselves. This, of course, is when they allow for any Adam and Eve at all. Most evolutionists resort to passing off our first parents as mere allegory. Scripture, of course, does not tolerate such a claim. Prominent evolutionists have admitted that evolution has eliminated the idea of a first man. Scripture says Adam was the son of God (Luke 3)! Our claim to being children of God is stirring indeed.

Darwin speculated that life started in a warm little pond. Darwinism does not explain the origin of life. Everything before bacteria is conjecture.

Darwin said he could see no evidence of design of any kind. He saw everything as a matter of chance. Darwinists teach that man is an accident.

Evolutionists call biology the study of living things that appear to have been designed.

Note—maybe the recent removal of human anatomy/physiology from the high school biology curriculum is due to the hand of God being so clearly evident in the human body. Russel M. Nelson, a pioneer heart surgeon, said that anyone who has studied the human body has seen God moving in His majesty and power.



Intelligent design relies on evidence, so it is not religious.

Even Darwin suggested it was a possibility that God created the first or the first few living things. Today, Darwinists do not allow even that.

Note – when it comes to censoring God, the Devil just needed his foot in the door, and he took it from there.

It was a Christian clergyman who pioneered the study of modern geology.

There has been disagreement among creationists about whether Earth is old or young, whether God created everything at once or set up programs and let them go, and the length of a day of creation.

Note - my view is that each day of creation was a thousand years, and it is based on evidence and scripture. But I do see some possibility in the 24-hour creation day as well. I believe God's creations are ongoing – His works never cease. I believe His miraculous intervention in the lives of His children is a daily supernatural out-of-the-ordinary occurrence.

The new war is not about evolution and creation; it is about Darwinism and intelligent design.

Intelligent design says that some natural world features are best explained by an intelligent cause rather than accidental happenstance.

Design inferences are based on evidence, not just on ignorance of how something works.

## <u>Is Genesis History?</u> <u>Documentary Highlights</u>



These are my notes on the presentation, and they do not exactly capture the ideas presented. As they are extensive, permission has been obtained from the author to share them. As is typical, I don't agree with all the ideas put forth in this documentary, but share many fascinating elements of it.

First, they cover geology, then biology, then astronomy, then history.

### **Genesis History: Geology**

Mt. Saint Helens created geological structures that we usually attribute to being extremely old. Powerful mudslides can cut deep into bedrock in just a few days, and catastrophic processes can make big things happen fast.

Note—another fascinating study is that of the Universal Model Science textbooks (UniversalModel.com), suggesting that the Grand Canyon was formed by flood deposits followed by a major earthquake that split open the formation, revealing the layers.

See Steve Austin, PhD Geologist.

Genesis speaks of fountains of water coming up at the time of Noah's flood.

Note – evolutionists bash on creationism, saying there's not enough water in the atmosphere for a worldwide flood, but we never said there was! Water from the flood came mostly from beneath!

Since the flood, mountains have risen, so we can't examine them to determine how deep the flood was.

Note – We don't have maps of vertical plate movement, just horizontal. Vertical plate movement today is not occurring. The point here is that a flood covering the Earth at one point could have been more shallow than what would be required to cover it today. Notwithstanding, there is compelling evidence for the flood to have been around 5 miles deep, which would cover the tallest known mountains. There are other theories as well.

Note – Several passages (such as 1 Peter 3:20-21) allude to the fact that the earth was baptized by immersion, completely, by the flood. Great evidence exists for this fact in science and religious doctrine.

The standard idea is that the Colorado river wore the Grand Canyon down over tens of

thousands of years, but erosion would have collapsed it over that time. The Grand Canyon could have been eroded in just a few weeks. The Grand Canyon would have been from a large powerful flood, not just a local flood. The Grand Canyon more logically would have been made with a lot of water in a little time rather than a little water over a long time.

Science isn't just about evidence, it's about paradigms, how you interpret the evidence.

Note – Good point. Stephen Meyer in "Darwin's Doubt" points out how modern science has arbitrarily decided to refuse to consider any evidence pointing to intelligent design.

Steven Boyd PhD, a Hebraist, says the world's greatest Hebraists agree that Genesis is narrative, not poetic. This means that the text should be understood as it is written. The biblical text does not conform

with the contemporary narrative. God creates mankind. Marriage was invented (by God) at the beginning of mankind. A global flood occurs. The Tower of Babel text shows how different languages evolved.

Jesus descended from Adam, as the Bible's genealogy shows. Mankind was created on the sixth day of creation, which shows that the days of creation could not have been extremely long ago.

Mt. St. Helens was small compared to other historic volcanic eruptions. We can't use present-day rates of processes to determine how long the geological record accumulated (because there are catastrophes that aren't constantly occurring).

The millions of years of decay rate of atoms at the present doesn't mean the rate was consistent in the past. Universities ignore evidence of historic rates being different because they are set in the idea of millions of years of geological evolution. They insist that we have rocks millions of years old to support this narrative.

Samples from the same rock can test to be vastly different ages.

Where there is no evidence of erosion between layers, those layers were quickly laid down upon each other; this is seen in areas of the Grand Canyon.

The Grand Canyon was formed by underwater deposition (see presentation for details).

Note: I've heard a few different ideas on this, all of which were superior to the mainstream science claim of underground layer building from subduction, based on slow plate movement, which then slowly emerged.

See Kurt Wise, Paleontologist.

The Book of Peter prophesies that in the last days, people will say that the Lord isn't going to come because things are always going to be as they always have been. They deny the idea that the past was any different from the present.

Note: James Hutton's "Uniformitarian" theory, central to the old Earth claims, is a huge fulfillment of this scripture concerning false doctrines to be taught in the last days. Evolution is only 200 years old; it is an apocalyptic theory of doom.

The Bible describes different epochs of time when very different things happened; God started and ended certain projects. At the time of Adam and Eve, it says they would have lived forever if they had not sinned; there were different conditions. Now, the sun won't burn forever, etc.

In the antediluvian (pre-flood) epoch, there were very different animals and plants on Earth. In Peter, it says that the world was destroyed. (The scriptures speak of a new heaven and a new earth several times.)

The Earth is still recovering from the flood; this can describe glacial history, etc.

Based on our current observations, the modern epoch can only describe the Earth back to a few hundred years after Noah's flood.

The Bible records historical events, but it (\*usually) doesn't tell how they happened; we can study nature to find out how these events happened.

Note: That's a good point. The Bible is true, so we can find natural evidence of it, which will build faith in God. This is one of the big reasons God gave us the Bible!

A great flood could have taken ocean animals and thrown them onto the land continents. The Cambrian explosion (an appearance of lots of marine animals which shows up almost out of nowhere) makes sense as the flood was about destroying ecosystems; we see a complex whole explosion of life (in the fossil record, indicating mass death); whenever you move up in the geological record, you see different ecosystems. The flood waters got higher and higher and destroyed more and more until they reached the top. In other words, all that life was already there, and we are just looking at the graveyard of all that life.

The placement of the next layer on the fossil record must have been quick; entire ecosystems and species were wiped out in the event of the worldwide flood.

At the time of the flood, the earth was filled with violence; it was not so at the time of creation. When we go to natural history museums, we see the animals of the time of violence on earth. (In the beginning there weren't carnivores.)



Note: Right, there was no death before the fall of Adam, and it applies to ALL things (not just in Eden). Then we have a millennium where things will return to paradise, when there will **again** be no more death. (We look forward to a restoration of peace, not the first peace Earth has ever known.) Some references from the Bible demonstrating no death before the Fall include Gen. 3:17-20; Rom. 5:12-14; Rom.

8:21-22; & 1 Cor. 15:21-22, 26, 45. The Book of Mormon also teaches this doctrine in 2 Nephi 2:22.

Fossilization requires very special circumstances; if a coyote dies in the desert today, its body soon disappears. Fossilization is rare, yet we find dinosaur fossils all over the Earth.

Note: Rapid fossilization has been observed and occurs easily when conditions are met, including high pressure, water, mineralization, and high heat. Carbonbased fossils form easily, but quartz-based fossils (which most fossils are) require special conditions present at the flood. The flood is the great event that made the world's fossils!

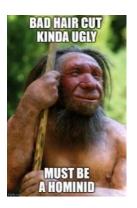
The rule is that there are no transitional forms; those forms remain the same in the next stages of the fossil record. When there are transitional forms, that's the exception rather than the rule.

# **Genesis History: Biology**

Devin Anderson, PhD, microbiologist, speaks of what's inside dinosaur bones. Tissue with cells has been found in dinosaur fossils that are supposedly 80 million years old, but those should have broken down faster. Such tissue has been found in triceratops, etc.

Note: Learn more about Mary Schweitzer's findings on dinosaur tissue at <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o-K7">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o-K7</a> H27Wq4

See the Creation Research Society.



Soak a fossil in EDTA; the tissue remains stretchable and pliable. An even closer electron scanner shows extreme details of the cells. You would not expect such elaborate detail still intact if the sample were as old as many claim. The scientific community responded to this, saying it was just bacteria or other things it could be, so those who originally published this tissue finding did more research and even found proteins. The controversy has been how to explain such. Some claim it means nothing because our other methods of dating say it's

older. But this tissue is a method of dating. This challenges the entire dating process.



Time is the critical component for evolution; they claim to account for the massive changes of organisms over time.

Darwin first read about a million-year-old earth and made his theory fit that paradigm; he didn't come up with the million-year idea.

Note: Similarly, people first hear about the theory of evolution and then go around

looking for the missing links. They didn't find evidence before making the theory; it was backward.

Evolution is a belief that enough change over time and enough time can account for every species coming from one thing, but there are major missing links in every species. A shark is a shark, and there are variations of a shark, but even back in the fossil record, you have sharks.

No one would agree that random mutations would result in a higher lifeform. The number of changes required to move from one species to another requires many changes at once.

Things do change over time, but they don't jump to different species. Several animals can be very similar within their group. Animals can have similar sets of genes, but the genes controlling the development of the

embryo are very different in different species.

Look at computer programs; everything doesn't just come from a single symbol.

The 4th dimension is time; the genome changes shape over time; all 3 dimensions change in the 4th dimension. You can't build something like that one step at a time; there must be foresight, it can't be one letter at a time with natural selection. Animals were **created with the ability to change** and adapt to their environments, and we have mistaken that for evolution.



An ecosystem collapses without all factors present; remove just a few factors, and it collapses. If you have 'missing links,' you can't have a complete genome.

Each kind of animal descended from a master form on the ark of Noah. God didn't just build a cat; he built an animal from which a variety of cats could come. Today's diversity is built into the kind. (But not every kind came from a single common ancestor.)

Natural selection can't generate all the diversity we see; it does fine-tune, but it doesn't account for all the variety. Selection takes a variation and turns it into a local adaptation. In the beginning, an exquisite design is built into an animal's system, including the ability to adapt to different climates to some extent. Each kind has its own tree of variation. Therefore, the Genesis paradigm embraces both similarity and difference.

Note: Evolution's engine of natural selection is inherently atheistic. It is creation by natural, not supernatural, means. The whole point of evolution is to do away with God and purpose. What we are learning in cutting-edge science is that it simply can't be done without supernatural means. Design is inherent and plainly evident.

Neanderthals are a variety of humans, just as there are a large variety of dogs. But there are discontinuities between humans and non-humans. Apes, for example, are very different from humans.

# **Genesis History: Astronomy**

See Danny Faulkner, PhD, astronomer.

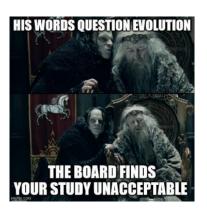
Eclipses are spectacular and rare; these are part of a design for signs, as the scriptures say.

Scripture said, "Let the earth bring forth plants;" the "bring forth" suggests that it could have been rapid creation. It may have appeared like a time lapse taking place in regular time. This could be why we see light from distant galaxies. (The idea that light has traveled billions of light-years from distant galaxies to reach us is a fabrication to hold up their theory of deep time.)

If spiral galaxies were so old, why would they still appear spiral? They would have come together. The Big Bang Theory is far from universal acceptance by scientists. Some claim Big Bang can be compatible with the Bible, but those are people who attempt to wed Genesis with our current paradigm. We should interpret the world in terms of Genesis, not the other way around.

Note: In my experience, I've heard the evolutionary biologists terrifyingly claim that they seek to reconcile <u>religious FAITH</u> <u>with scientific FACT</u>! This, of course, is typical of all Christian evolutionists and thinking in general these days - religion gets the back seat on the bus.

## **Genesis History: History**



Douglas Petrovich, PhD, an archaeologist, shows biblical events unfolding in the East at Mesopotamia. He speaks of language popping up out of nowhere, and great diversity in grammar forms from language to language, even in ancient languages.

Note: I recall in my Egyptology class, the professor spoke of the oldest language records going back only to about 4000 BC.

Our bodies are set up for the timing of a day, as evident by our sleep cycles, our work

cycles, etc. The timing of the day was set up in Genesis.



If you remove a literal Adam and Eve, you greatly alter human history, and it becomes open to lots of interpretation about relationships, the character of gender, sexuality, marriage, etc.

We understand the life of Christ as recorded in the Bible to be historical events; why do we think that the Old Testament would not be historical events? We are constantly bombarded with the message that we must adjust our views. The entire Bible refers to all the characters of Genesis. The entire

Bible is refuted if you throw out the original characters and major events of Genesis. Throw out the first few chapters of the Bible, and you must throw out the whole thing. History anchors all the other disciplines. It tells us what happened, and then science attempts to answer how those events of history happened and the mechanics of those events. If vou reverse that and have science say what happened, you get a constantly shifting world view, and moral relativism is the necessary outcome. God has given us the bedrock to build on by giving us the Bible. Nothing in the world makes sense except in the light of Genesis!

# Scientific Creationism by <u>Henry Morris – Book</u> <u>Highlights & Commentary</u>

This is a flagship creation science volume, and my notes here only scratch the surface of a few principles from the text. I don't agree with all his claims, but I will point out here many fascinating findings.

### <u>Introductory Chapters (1-3)</u>

Modern science asks the wrong questions.

The fact that we have energy from the Sun is one thing, but they can't answer how that energy would have made evolution happen.

Recombination does not result in new; it only changes around what's already there.

If someone did develop a wing or an eye, it wouldn't be helpful, it would even be dangerous, and natural selection would not favor its continuance.

Darwin said the thought of how natural selection could make the eye made him ill, as he didn't think it was possible. But he needed it to be.

There are many predictions that the creation model makes that actually work, and many times, things in the evolution model cannot be predicted.

Mutations are rare, not common. And good mutations are extremely rare. Accidental occurrences are expected to be harmful.

Today's species are dying out, not being created, so if the present is the key to the

past, how do you have evolution?

#### Ch. 4 Accident or Plan?

A simple probability study shows the absolute impossibility of Earth and life being formed by chance.

Natural selection supposedly turns impossibilities into possibilities.

The creation model predicts that different species would be designed with similar features for similar functions, and different features for different functions. However, the evolution model has a problem, namely, why are cats and dogs so different if they both evolved from the same thing? If evolution were true, there would be many different kinds of part cat, part dog creatures, and you wouldn't be able to tell

where the cat ended and where the dog began with all these species.

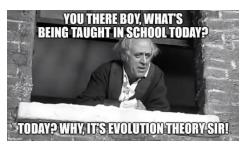


Seemingly similar structures in different kinds of animals and humans, which are used as supposed evidence for evolution, are actually better evidence for creation. For starters, we arbitrarily make the distinctions between these bone groups.

Morphology, similar hand structures, etc., only show our ability to classify. It favors the creation model because not only are there similarities, but there are gaps and distinct differences between species. In the evolution model, you would have extremely similar species; you wouldn't be able to tell where one started and the other ended.

Embryology proves a common design. It's normal that features look similar in the beginning, as various life forms have similar features like heads and limbs, and are in a similar environment. But then they specialize into their distinct species. The differences show up fairly early, and these differences attest to creation, not evolution.

There are some similarities in DNA between different living things, but the important thing is that they are different.



DNA is a plain witness to creation because it only allows one thing to turn into that specific thing. DNA also puts definite limits on how much a species can adapt. Some living things have similar behaviors, but the **important point is that there are significant differences** in behaviors.

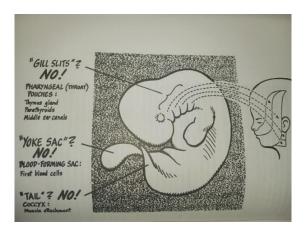
Some animals greatly confuse evolutionists because they look like two very different kinds of animals. For example, the whale is a mammal shaped like a fish.

It is bizarre to think that bats, birds, and insects independently developed wings, coming from a common ancestor.

'Vestigial' organs that evolutionists said we were evolving away from and are no longer useful, are now being found to have uses. The appendix and all other organs are useful (for immunity and so on). Just because the scientists weren't aware of their function doesn't mean they didn't have one.

Human embryos never at any time develop

gills or gill slit openings (for fluid exchange). Human embryos also have no tail or fins and never are a fish. The human embryo develops pouches, which become various glands; the pouches are guides for developing blood vessels and are not useless. The recapitulation theory that humans are first fish embryos and then turn into humans used to be popular, but evolutionists now have to admit that it doesn't work.



(Image: Science vs Evolution pg. 698 by Vance Ferrel, see EvolutionFacts.com)

The fossil record contains the **same gaps** as that for present-day plants and animals. It shows clear-cut categories, not a horizontal continuum of transitional species.

The "species" level of classification is the level that we can genuinely differentiate; there are clear and obvious gaps between species. **Higher levels of supposed organization**, like "family," "class," etc., are **arbitrary**, you can't prove them. We **don't find transitional fossils that would fit into the "class" or "order"** category. The gaps between species are permanent; you're never going to find them.

Note: In Darwin's day, we knew less about the appearance of fossils in the ground. Today, having mapped this out to much greater detail, it's even more ridiculous to claim that transitional fossils tie everything to a common ancestor. Evidence is mounting against, not for, Darwinism.

Note: Steven Meyer in 'Darwin's Doubt' gives a good analogy of the concept of an increasingly impossible case for transitional fossils. Suppose you have a bag of marbles of various colors, and you postulate that all existing colors are in the bag, even colors transitioning between the other colors. But as you pull out more and more marbles, never finding the transitional colors, soon you must admit that your hypothesis is wrong.



There is no transitional fossil between a vertebrate and its supposed invertebrate ancestor. These two types of animals were created separately.

He speaks of a fish they thought was extinct but they found it in the Caribbean, it was embarrassing, it was a fish that supposedly had some amphibian features but here it is today and it has not become an amphibian, it's still a fish and it hasn't changed over the supposedly 100 million years from the fossil of it.

The catfish, lungfish, and walking fish were all thought to possibly be transitional, but even evolutionists now agree that they do not qualify as transitional for various reasons.



The fact that a fossil may be hard to tell whether it was a reptile or a mammal is not evidence of it being a transitional fossil; these animals merely have similar features on the bone level.

He quotes a scientist who says there is a universal absence of transitional fossils.

Archeopteryx is not part reptile at all, it is 100% bird. It is a feathered, warm-blooded animal. Whether it's birds, mammals, fish, or reptiles, some have teeth and some don't. The fact that Archaeopteryx has teeth does not indicate that it is part reptile, part mammal.

Ancient fossils are often a bigger version of but the same structure as the modern animal.

There are no transitional fossils for birds, no transitional fossils for insects, and the list goes on for every type of animal. There is no evidence for punctuated equilibrium (sudden changes followed by long periods of no change).

# <u>Ch. 5 Uniformism or</u> <u>Catastrophism?</u>

The book covers many rock formations continent-wide that aren't forming today, and must have been from catastrophic volcanism and continent-wide flooding to spread the material.

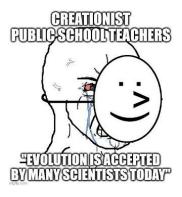
If the present is key to the past (as Hutton's uniformitarianism claims), it should be obvious that **all of the fossil life lived at the same time**; **today**, we have birds, mammals, reptiles, humans, and single-celled organisms, all at the same time, and **so it was for the past** animals.

There is no worldwide unconformity, you can't determine where one age begins and the other ends; they use "paraconformities" which means no visible difference in the geologic layers but only a difference in fossils; but further analysis has shown that there is no way to tell by fossils of one age beginning and another ending. The record is continuous!

Invertebrates are at the bottom of the fossil layers because that's where they live, at the lower altitudes.

Humans have always lived separately from starfish and other types of animals, which is why their fossils aren't found together. (Note: It wouldn't be fun to live by raptors or T-rex's either.)

More spherical animals would settle lower because they have less drag in the flood water. Evolutionists tried to explain away dinosaur fossil prints next to human fossil prints by saying there was some kind of dinosaur with human-shaped feet, which there is, of course, no evidence for.



Geologists are beginning to admit that geologic formations can best be explained by sudden catastrophic events. They say there is a long time between these events (punctuated equilibrium), but the only reason for claiming the long time between events is the theory of evolution!

Note: This is a great example of events being dreamed up to make someone's theory work. Like phlogiston and caloric, soon we will accept the fact that nature doesn't need the process of punctuated equilibrium, and that it doesn't exist!

# <u>Ch. 6 Old or Young: How to</u> <u>Date a Rock</u>



The geologic time scale was made before radiometric dating and radiometric dating is so unreliable that it gives dramatically different dates; they throw out dates which don't match the pre-determined ages.

Note: One evolution professor admitted the selective use of favored radiometric dates in the scientific community when he said, "If a C-14 date supports our theories, we put it in the main text. If it does not entirely contradict them, we put it in a footnote. And if it is **completely 'out-of-date,' we just drop it**." (\*T. Save-Soderbergh and \*Ingrid U. Olsson, "C-14 Dating and Egyptian Chronology," Radiocarbon Variations and Absolute Chronology, ed. \*Ingrid U. Olsson (1970), p. 35 [also in \*Pensee, 3(1): 44].)

Note: Another evolution researcher admitted just how many unapproved radiometric dates they throw out when he said, "It may come as a shock to some, but fewer than 50 percent of the radiocarbon dates from geological and archaeological samples in northeastern North America have been adopted as 'acceptable' by investigators." (\*J. Ogden III, "The Use and Abuse of Radiocarbon," in

Annals of the New York Academy of Science, Vol. 288, 1977, pp.167-173.)

God's chief purpose is to create and help man, so God wouldn't waste untold eons of time caring for evolutionary developments without man.

Note: Of course, evolution suggests that God wasn't involved at all. One wonders what God was doing. Naturally, that's the point of evolution — explain away the need for God so that they can explain away God's existence, and of course, eliminate moral codes of conduct He established.

You can't know the components of a system from ancient times. No system is closed. A closed system is just a theoretical idea to simplify things. Since real nature is not a closed system, it can be influenced by fluctuating external variables.

You cannot ascertain that the decay rate was constant.

All these flawed assumptions in today's dating methods prove them unreliable. Furthermore, they only accept dating methods that yield long eons of time and actively reject other methods.

Some of the daughter components may have been initially created at the same time as the parent component. There are many ways daughter products could be incorporated into the systems when first formed.

No process rate is unchangeable in nature. Many factors influence process rates, and these factors can change. Rates are at best only statistical averages, not deterministic absolutes.

Morris discusses the unreliability of

uranium, potassium, etc., in radiometric dating. Lead vaporization, free neutrons, etc., indicate that the lead ages, which are typically the oldest, could indicate nothing whatsoever about age.

Modern formations of lava rocks are dated to be millions of years old. When Rock melts, it's supposed to reset the clock. Uranium aging on rocks of known ages is incorrect, so why should we trust uranium aging of rocks of unknown ages?

We accept the potassium dates that most closely resemble the uranium dates, but the uranium dates themselves are unreliable.

The change in argon is from the environment, not the decaying process. Environmental fluid and gaseous argon at the time of lava flow being incorporated into the igneous rock can account for the argon levels rather than the supposed

decay rates.

Continental drift rates are also based on potassium argon dating of rocks on the seafloor, which is flawed.

Rubidium strontium dating is also measured by uranium dating, so bad uranium methods make these unreliable too.

Rubidium strontium can easily be leached out, and there are other obvious flaws.

The oldest writings are only 4,000 to 6,000 years old.

Note: My university Egyptology professor, John Gee, told us that the oldest written records date back to around 4,000 BC! This, of course, perfectly fits the Bible's timeframe.



helium-4 can or does escape through the atmosphere in substantial amounts. Therefore, we are left with the current amount by which we can determine that the Earth is quite young. Helium-4 is probably entering our atmosphere from the sun's Corona. Given a starting point of zero helium in the atmosphere, this maximizes the age of our

There is no substantial evidence that

He discusses the amount of nickel on Earth, which limits the Earth's age to a few thousand years, like 9,000.

atmosphere at 1.75x105 years.

Small amounts of ocean metal precipitation limit the Earth's age to several thousand years.

Dating based on the magnetic sphere limits Earth's age to around 6,000-10,000 years.

The processes most likely to be uniform would have occurred over a short period and on a global scale; this makes dating via the magnetic sphere much more reliable than argon or potassium.

Processes at a constant uniformitarian rate date the Earth as very young, and you can only eliminate those if you eliminate the other uniformitarian processes they use to assert that the Earth is old.

There are many more processes that indicate young ages for the Earth than those that suggest old ages. Even the processes that suggest old ages can be better interpreted by the young ages.

Living mollusks have a carbon date of 23,000 years, **indicating that some kind of carbon exchange occurred before death**. This directly contradicts carbon dating assumptions, making the radiocarbon date much too old.

It has been demonstrated that carbon-14 decay rates could have varied in the past.



(Image: Universal Model Science)

The amount of natural carbon could have been different in the past, which would have altered the decay ratio. If there had been a significant difference in the amount of vegetation or volcanic carbon emissions in the past, the carbon dates would have dramatically changed. Vast coal deposits around the world attest to the point that there used to be much more vegetation!

Population statistics support the idea that humans have been on Earth for only a few thousand years, not upwards of a million, as Evolution says. Even allowing for wars, etc., the number of people that would likely be on Earth if people had been here for upwards of a million years is absurdly high. To make Evolution work, you must make major modifications to basic population statistics, but the creation model fits the data correctly without such major modifications. Additionally, if many people had lived on the Earth for so long, there would theoretically be many more fossils.

Gravitational energy from the sun's inward collapsing process could be much more likely to cause solar energy (rather than nuclear fusion). In 1979, it was confirmed that the sun was shrinking, and it was calculated that it must be quite young. What we know about the sun's size and change of shape indicates that it would have been twice its current size not long ago, which would have annihilated Earth.

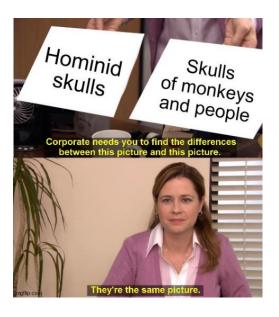
Polonium halos in rocks indicate their near-instant creation!

### Ch. 7 Apes or Man



When they find skeletons with slightly different-sized skulls or teeth, they are quick to claim them as hominids. Different teeth just mean different diets or habitats. Further, rickets, arthritis, poor diets, and other medical conditions can make skeletons look different. There is significant variation in people and monkeys; some are big, some small, etc., and this in no way is evidence of an

intermediate species between animals and humans.



They're finding full human skeletons in locations dated before the supposed hominids.

If all people came from a common ancestor they would have had the same language, so why would they split up so much as to cause different races? The language barrier is the main thing that keeps different races from intermarrying.

Language is an unbridgeable gulf between man and animals, our ability to communicate abstract thought.

The oldest language we know is already modern, sophisticated, and complete.

Some animals have instinctive language, but it's not language that involves learning new things and passing them on to the next generation. When animals learn how to do new things, it is not transmitted to their progeny; only man has this ability, as growing civilizations attest.

Yes there are people who have lived in

caves and yes, they have used stone tools, but this is not a sign of evolutionary development. There are still people doing that today, there always have been.



When the oldest cultures of an area seem to be the stone age type, this is because when people first migrated there, they were using the tools they already had, and it wasn't until they found ore bodies that they could begin mining, smelting, and resuming all their industry. Particularly after the flood you have people migrating to new areas.

Morris goes over many accurate predictions of the creation model which are supported by archeology geology biology etc. but that are not supported by evolution.

The expected dates of the earliest civilization should be around 4000 BC, the only claim for older civilizations are based on radiocarbon dates.

Dendrochronology (tree ring dating) is unreliable because frequently two or more growth periods occur in the same year.

Note: Even the oldest trees in dendrochronology aren't very old, around 10,000 years, which particularly works with the 1000-year day model, a possibility suggested by several scriptures.

Recently a human skull bone was found in Africa in a soil layer that was supposed to be over 2 billion years old. (Not even evolutionists allow humans to be that old.)

It is an objective fact that humans are moral religious beings and animals are not.

Evolution has its own system of ethics values and ultimate meanings which makes it a religion, which makes teaching of it in public schools indoctrination. The American Humanist Association officially recognizes Evolution as a religion.

Note: If religions are going to be taught in schools, and they could be, they should be recognized, not hidden. Let's teach evolution as one of many religious belief systems, and while we're at it, lets teach other religions too. And let's point out not just the possibilities of evolution, but the many holes in that theory too! Of course, our society is past all that, having adopted evolution as its official state religion, never

to be questioned. By making this official accepted scientific position, they have destroyed what science was always meant to be: a simple report of the facts nature presents us with.

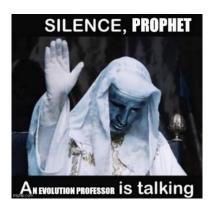
All of the supposed evidence for human evolution can fit inside a single coffin. He goes over the various hominid claims which were proven false.

Note: since the time of his book they've come up with more claims, but even recent estimates are that all the supposed hominid bones found could fit in the back of a truck. When they say they have found numerous specimens of hominids, what they mean is they have found numerous bone fragments.

Note: They'll always come up with something or other to uphold their theory, which is another indication we aren't dealing with objective observation, but with dogmatic faith-based support of a beloved doctrine.

## <u>Ch. 8 Creation According to</u> <u>Scripture</u>

It is now known that early man was a highly specialized technologist in many fields. There's no reason why not to believe that man could read and write from the beginning of his creation. People used to argue against the Bible claiming that people couldn't read and write back then, but now we know that's clearly false.



Jesus accepted the historicity and accuracy of Genesis. To reject Genesis is to reject Christ.

It is probable concerning the first five books attributed to Moses that the Book of Genesis was edited by Moses and that the other four were directly written by him. The Book of Genesis is never accredited to Moses in scripture, it is likely that the Book of Genesis was written by the patriarchs of that time such as Adam Noah etc. The creation account would have either been directly written by God as were the ten commandments, or a direct Revelation from God. Either way, creation accounts in scripture give us information we could have had no other way since no mortal was there to witness it.



Genesis 1:7 shows that the primordial world had waters above the firmament. The

firmament overhead could have blocked radiation, allowing longer life.

Note: The firmament also could have modified the atmosphere giving a more favorable amount of oxygen, etc.

Note: Evolutionists have no answer for why Adam and other ancients had significantly longer lifespans than we do today.

There would not have been fossils in the creation, that's a sign of death, which is a sign of evil. Death came into the world only with sin. God isn't responsible for death and suffering.

Note: great point. No death until the fall, so no fossils before the fall. I've also seen convincing evidence that most fossils were made in the catastrophic event of Noah's flood. God's love is voluntary, and so must ours be. Involuntary love is a contradiction of terms.

Why energy is conserved, why entropy increases, these are explained in scripture. See his references on these.

All we see in this fallen world should remind us of our separation from God.

"After his kind" occurs 10 times in Genesis.

Scripture says, "All flesh is not the same flesh."

Claiming you can have biblical evolution is like claiming you can have Christian atheism.

God has all power; he can create without eons.

# God's goal is man, why wait so long to create him?

Note: Especially when we know he can procreate as much as anyone else. To say He can't is like saying the axe hefted itself, boasting that it didn't need the man (see Isaiah). Surely the creation doesn't have more power and ability than the Creator.



The Hebrew "Yom" usually means day, not

time.

"Olam" is the Hebrew word to indicate a long period of time. Evening and morning also are always used to mean a literal day.

Note: This is right, and limits us to our 24-hour days, or the 1000-year days God experiences, as indicated in multiple scriptures. Time is based on which planet you're on. Either model would be an excellent explanation for how this Earth was made.

Plants are made before the sun in the creation account of Genesis. For plant life to live without the sun is easy with days of creation just normal day lengths.

Note: But another light source could work, too. The Book of Revelation informs us that the future light source for Earth will not be the sun (Rev. 21-23). Either way, evolutionists are wrong in claiming that the

sun HAD to be first.

Our six-day workweek is identical to God's workweek. We are told to rest one day in seven, as He does.

Morris discusses the many opposites of evolution and the Bible. (For example, evolution reverses the order of creation events.)

They say evolution must be true, so the Earth must be old. They use this circular reasoning to reject ages that don't match the theory.

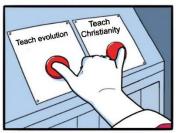
In Exodus 20, we read of how God created in 6 days and rested on the 7th. He wouldn't need to rest if he had merely said a few sentences. There's more to it than that.

Establishing flood geology is where

creationists are most attacked, and if we establish this, evolution falls apart.

Note: Many books have done a great job demonstrating flood geology. One of the most detailed is the textbook Universal Model Millennial Science Volume 1, with hundreds of pages, experimental evidence, and references on the subject.

The flood couldn't be local. To cover Mount Ararat, you'd need an egg-shaped dome of water there if it were only local.





Note: some claim there were no mountains before the flood, but some creation accounts do refer to mountains being formed in the beginning. It is true however that we don't know the size of these mountains, and mountain height could have dramatically changed during the

flood. I believe there were tall mountains before the flood, and that flood waters were five miles high, as indicated by various experiments of water pressures required to make quartz-based fossils. This was a monumental event beyond anything we have seen.

Scripture says there was no rain before the flood (as implied by the first rainbow occurring at the flood; plants could be watered by mists from the ground).

God's promise never to send a flood again would be repeatedly broken if it were only a local flood.

If the Bible is true at all, you must reject the geological ages.

Note: the geological ages were made in a direct attempt to overthrow the Bible. When we understand this, it becomes

increasingly silly to try and mesh the two narratives. With a Supernatural Creator, we aren't waiting around for natural selection and random mutations. Therefore the calculations of evolutionists are complete garbage! It's nonsensical to suggest that God used evolution, including natural selection and its proposed timescale.

God created darkness; that's how it starts.

Writing off Genesis 1-11 as 'not history' and 'not scientific' destroys the whole Bible. (Note: As Genesis Apologetics puts it, how many pages must we turn before we find truth we can trust?)

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## <u>Darwin's Black Box by</u> <u>Biochemist Michael Behe</u> <u>– Book Highlights &</u> <u>Commentary</u>



Introductory Note: This was an excellent book demonstrating the complexity of biological systems, and how absurd it would be to believe that they evolved by chance natural selection. Biological organisms were clearly created. They are far more complex than cars, and no one would claim that the car evolved by natural selection. My notes and commentary on this work represent a very small portion of the ideas from the book, and are put forth in my own words.

Also check out Behe's video course on Intelligent Design & Evolution: <u>Course | Michael J. Behe (michaelbehe.com)</u>

Note: The author starts the book by saying that he's ready to accept a very old Earth.

This, of course, is a critical flaw in his analysis. Abundant evidence indicates a young Earth and, therefore, the impossibility of evolution theory.

#### <u>Ch.'s 1-2 The Box is Opened</u>

Darwin could not see microbiology. He knew that the eye was for seeing, but he did not know how it saw. He did not have answers to these questions. **The cell is Darwin's Black box.** He had no clue how it worked.

Here is a brilliant analogy of what evolutionists claim with their millions of years of evolution from a common ancestor, of which there is no evidence. If your friend says he jumped over a couple of feet, you believe him. If he says he jumped across 10 or 15 feet, you are skeptical and surprised. If he says he jumped across the

Grand Canyon, you don't believe him. Then he claims that it took him years to do it, and that there were buttes which he stood on in the canyon, which took a long time to appear, and which went away quickly after he had jumped. It's absurd. **Someone** who claims that they made many small jumps to get across a large chasm in the past, but that the things that jumped on are no longer there, is very hard to believe. (Note: Truly, evolution is a system of belief, aka faith.) Evolution makes **huge leaps** for which there is **no evidence**. There are unbridgeable chasms even at the smallest levels of life.

Darwin had to convince people that complex organisms could be made slowly.

The eye and vision were another black box for Darwin. He and his contemporaries had no clue how it worked. What he thought was simple is extremely

complex, involving many proteins, enzymes, etc., multiple systems going at once. These aren't just leap to leap, these are huge distances.

Darwinism explains micro-evolution well (like the change in a bird's beak length over generations), but it is a farce to use it to explain the origins of life and species (like humans coming from sponges), the main point that Darwin was getting at.

Little kids think a **box can be an airplane** (think Calvin & Hobbes) **because they don't know** how the airplane works. There are scientists now taking a similar approach about evolution and the origin of life!



Scientists used to think that cultures growing in a liquid could spontaneously generate because the flies appeared to appear on meat spontaneously. The key problem was to think that the flies and the cultures were extremely simple. A similar problem exists with the evolution of complex organs like the human eye. Darwin made it seem very simple, but it is not.

Neo-Darwinism was created by various sciences deciding what to do with the theory of evolution. This all came out before biochemistry. **Now that we have** 

biochemistry, Neo-Darwinism must be revisited, as biochemistry debunks it.

Darwinism is **becoming less popular** within and outside of the scientific community due to the many questions the theory cannot answer. Scientists admit that the theoretical framework and evidence for neo-Darwinism are weak.

Note: I heard a recent case of an evolutionist, calculating how to promote evolution acceptance, who came up against the problem that the more people know about evolution, the less likely they are to accept the theory.

There appears to have been a biological 'Big Bang,' with many species coming on scene at once.

Note: the "Cambrian Explosion" in the fossil record of advanced lifeforms appearing is from the flood of Noah, wiping

out many animals and fossilizing them in a unique environment able to convert bone into rock, something that isn't happening today.

Mathematicians insist that even with current dates of how old the Earth might be, that's not nearly enough time for claimed evolutionary changes in species.

#### **Evolutionists are upset that:**

- 1. There are no transitional forms and
- That species have different but very definite limits as to how much they can change and
- That systems appear suddenly and
- 4. That **natural selection cannot account for the diversity** of life.

There have always been well-informed, respected scientists who find Darwinism to be inadequate.

Most scientists will say they believe

Darwinism, but they believe it based on authority, based on what others have said.

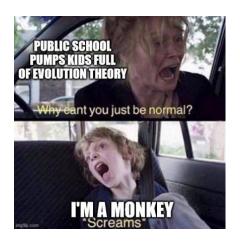
Scientists are afraid to debate natural selection, which is ironically unscientific. True science doesn't fear scrutiny, challenge, and debate.

When Richard Dawkins (arch-evolutionist) tries to support the evolutionist view of the bombardier beetle evolving, he fails to explain how all those chambers, muscles, etc. would have evolved gradually. Many of the parts aren't necessary for the system and wouldn't have just shown up gradually. Even if you come up with a story of what might be beneficial here and there and how it might evolve, it still fails to explain the details of the extremely complex processes that would need to take place for such a story to come about. All they can say is that it might happen. That's not very scientific.

Richard Dawkins describes the eye as a series of complex systems coming together. However, he never explains how those complex systems came to be. It's like saying a stereo is made from putting together an amplifier and a CD reader, etc., without explaining how those parts first came to be and how they were assembled. Evolutionists use **dramatic oversimplification** to make it seem more plausible that something happened by chance.

These explanations given by Dawkins are extremely simple and do not justly describe how these things came to be. They are illogical assumptions that everything would be just right by chance. (Note: it's all conjecture and supposition.)

There are "irreducibly complex" systems that are useless until everything is in place. Natural selection can only choose systems that are already working.



You can make the case that multiple complex systems evolved at the same time just in time for a complex organism who needs all those multiple systems to live, but this is an empty argument; you might as well argue that the Earth popped into existence yesterday by chance.

Evolutionists submit that evolution isn't always gradual, but they say it has to be

gradual when explaining complex, apparently designed objects like eyes because without gradualism, all you have is miracles. You can't have it both ways!



A mutation can change one step of instruction, such as 'place the legs on the head rather than on the abdomen,' but it can't change the entire instruction, such as 'instead of building a fax machine, build a radio.'

Tens of thousands of different molecules are involved with things like the eye and the bombardier beetle; you can't say that you know those all just evolved and came together. That is speculation; it is a belief. Debating whether such evolution could randomly occur is like 19th-century scientists debating whether butterflies could spontaneously generate out of meat. Again, we simplify too much. As we see the increasing complexity of these systems, the idea of random evolution to create them becomes less and less likely.

A mousetrap is an example of an irreducibly complex system; without all the parts present, it doesn't catch any mice. Not only do you need all the parts present at once, but all the parts need to be finetuned with just the right amount of spring, just the right positions, etc. An irreducibly complex system is assembled all at once.

Just because a bike is a precursor to a motorcycle doesn't mean the bike turned into the motorcycle. Biological evolution is limited to slight modifications, and there's nothing about a bike that you can slightly modify into an engine or fuel tank. Natural selection in a bicycle manufacturing plant cannot produce a motorcycle. There is no example in history of major biological changes.

Note: There is the supposed Cambrian explosion, but that is merely the fact that many fossils appeared seemingly out of nowhere; it's certainly not step-by-step proof of evolution. The reality of the Cambrian explosion (or other mass extinction claims) was the flood of Noah, which brought about special conditions to fossilize many animals that would have simply decayed in other conditions.

In order to understand the barriers to evolution, you must understand the complexity of biological systems.

## <u>Part 2 – Examining the</u> Contents of the Box (Ch. 3-7)

(This is where the complicated stuff is, and I won't attempt to give many notes here.)

## Ch. 3 Flagella

Cells are run by molecular machines.

We make machines that efficiently do tasks, but in biology, if there is a microscopic machine doing a simple task efficiently, if that had to evolve, it would have had to learn that task too.

What something is made of and how it works are two different things, which are both extremely complex.

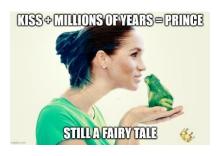
Evolutionists have very creative minds. They can come up with stories to explain the evolution of anything, but they're just stories!

While modification goes on, systems are non-working.

The evolutionary literature explaining how these complex things would come to be is severely lacking. Further, the papers disagree with each other on the roads that would be taken, etc. They don't consider mechanical details; they just make big generalizations.

Nobody knows how the flagella evolved, and no research accounts for it. Some 40 different proteins are involved. The same is true for the cilia, wherein some 200 different proteins are involved.

Cartoons show extremely complex systems going through a series of events to set off a single trap. This is humorous because everything must work exactly right to get the trap to go off—if one part of the whole sequence didn't work, the trap would fail. This is like evolution, and it's laughable. In biology, there really are very complex systems with a very specific end function, and evolution cannot account for it.



Note: it's like the old Paley's pocket watch in the desert analogy. If you find a pocket watch in the middle of the desert, do you conclude that it was put there by someone who owned, purchased, or created it, or do you conclude that it evolved randomly?

### Ch. 4 Blood

Blood clotting is a very complex system of many interconnected parts. It must form only when and where it is required, or the whole system will clot and die. No one on earth has any idea how the coagulation current came to be.

# <u>Ch. 5-7 From Here to There; A</u> <u>Dangerous World; Roadkill</u>

Each tiny little step in evolution has such small odds that it's utterly ridiculous to consider it. It's not just a small chance that one thing would evolve into another thing, it's a small chance that a very small part of the evolution would happen. And when we talk small, we mean infinitely small odds, making this more of a fairy tale storybook than science.

Natural selection only works if there's something useful already there to select from. Necessary proteins wouldn't just appear with nothing to do until other stuff arrived.

If one thing goes wrong during a delivery, the package will not reach its destination and may as well never have been sent.

Extremely complex processes take place billions of times a day in the cells of our bodies. Science is stranger than fiction. It cannot be accounted for by random evolution, no matter how much time you give. Note: Whenever science proves Darwin's macroevolution theory wrong, being statistically bizarre and so forth, they just expand the age of the Earth and the universe. However, they can only play this game for so long; Darwinism is truly on its way out.

We see many irreducibly complex systems working together in even bigger irreducibly complex systems, and the mathematicians have said repeatedly that the current age allowed for the Earth and universe is not nearly enough for these things to happen randomly; they would need to be at least billions and billions and billions and billions and billions and billions times billions and billions and billions and billions and billions of years older to give the remote chance. But as we can see, this is nonsense, you can't just sit around and take seriously a theory that requires such small odds. The smacking obvious answer is that the Earth and the universe were

designed by a designer! You just can't get around that.

Irreducibly complex systems are all or nothing. You can't just add one part now and later add another part, or the system will not work.

You can't say that some parts of the cell were used for other functions before they were used in their current functions. This would leave a very lousy cell that would not sustain life. A single flaw in the cell's process pathway, and you die. If cells evolved as incomplete structures, our ancestors would have died, too.

There's no literature on the evolution of vesicles and many other topics in the evolution of microbiology.

# Part 3 What Does the Box Tell Us (Ch. 8-11)

# <u>Ch. 8-10 Publish or Perish;</u> <u>Intelligent Design; Questions</u> <u>about Design</u>

The chemical soup life experiments failed miserably. Much guidance was given, and no complete life was made, etc.

There isn't a single book or article in scientific literature explaining microbiological evolution. There are books and papers that mention sequences, but none of them explain how those sequences came to be.

With a combination lock, if you keep trying different combinations, perhaps you

eventually get half the letters right; this is not progress, you still can't open the lock, life can't reproduce to the next generation, the "lock" fails. If the code is "Mary had a little lamb," the random choices with lots of time would just as soon spell out "Let's go to the park" or some other random sentence; the direction of the evolution wouldn't be aimed at or kept. No one is there to say which letters should be held to produce the correct sentence.

Some say that if there is a Designer, why isn't nature more perfectly designed? This is not the point of science. The point of science is to see whether design is obvious. We cannot guess the psychology of the designer as to why certain systems would be imperfect.

Note: Of course, sin results in damaged systems—ever since the fall of Adam, our bodies have become fallen and broken, tending toward decay and death. When this

life is viewed as a probation/test to see how we respond to weakness, it is better understood why systems are intentionally imperfect.

Vestigial organs with no apparent use are claimed to be by-products of trial-and-error evolution from past species. However, these supposedly useless organs turn out to be extremely important in immunity, etc. Just because we don't know why something is there doesn't mean it's useless.

Once scientists take design seriously, academic literature will be much more rigorous, require much more hard data, and tolerate much less storytelling.

Note: All the pointing fingers about being unscientific when the truth of the Designer is known. Then we will all see plainly who has been anti-science, and who has been closer to reality and honesty in reporting what nature tells us. It was the Judeo-

Christian Bible that gave us a single God and an ordered, predictable universe with consistent laws, inspiring the basic hope for and trust that an understanding of nature can be obtained. Now, once again, Western civilization will provide the world with the moral and philosophical framework absolutely required to reach a full understanding of the truth of nature.

The author says there's a possibility of an old Earth with intelligent design.

Note: This is true, but I don't see a need for it. Old Earth was specifically theorized to eliminate a creator and add time for random/natural mutation. Evidence is piling up against the old Earth theory.

# <u>Ch. 11 Science Philosophy and</u> <u>Religion</u>

The discovery that life was made by intelligent design is one of the single greatest discoveries of all science.

Note: What a beautiful and game-changing discovery this is! Anyone who denies this discovery is truly anti-science!

About 90% of Americans believe in God, and about half attend religious services regularly. The army employs chaplains. Businesses and sports teams gather for prayers. As a country, we honor people like Martin Luther King, whose actions were deeply rooted in a belief in God.

The 1925 John Scopes trial involved Scopes, a teacher who volunteered to be arrested for a law that prohibited teaching about the Creator in science. There's a movie about it called "Inherit the Wind" (1960).

Note: Inherit the Wind makes the preachers and creationists look like idiots, and the evolutionists seem to be the only ones with level heads and sense. The creationists don't even try to use any scientific evidence, so the evolutionists simply take the side of "science" and claim that the religious are in the way of all science. They think all evolutionists must do to refute creationism is poke at supposed errors in the Bible. That Darwinism is scientifically impossible was completely avoided.

One man who performed many science experiments was going to be hired but was asked in the interview if he believed in evolution. He said no, he believed in the biblical account of creation, and for this he was not hired.



These days, science is less of a pursuit for truth and more of a game played by the rule that the supernatural can never be invoked. Professional scientists in universities accept this rule even when they privately believe in God, as most of the population does.

A Designer can't be put in a test tube, but neither can extinct (supposed and missing) common ancestors. We can see the lingering effects of a designer (just like how they claim to see lingering effects of the missing common ancestor).

Note: It seems the missing common ancestor is their god. All hail the invisible sponge king!

Note: Religion does have a tangible God to offer. Several prophets of the Bible claimed to speak with Him face to face. He has revealed that the most correct title for us to refer to him is Father. He has revealed that we are His offspring and are made in His image. That's something to think about! The mysteries of God are unfolding; they will not remain mysterious forever! Religion has much more to offer than vague abstract mystery!

Scientists try to fit the origin of all life in the universe into a tiny box, but it is impossible.

Evolutionists want to force parents to teach children evolution.

Note: One way they are accomplishing this is by putting more and more restrictions on homeschooling. Use this freedom while you still have it. Fear God, not man.

The fear that science with supernatural conclusions would ruin science is unfounded.

It is not a strange conclusion that an intelligent agent designed life; rather, that is the obvious and natural conclusion.

Note: Which is harder to accept: That nothing exploded and turned into life as we know it, or that an advanced being created this Earth and put life upon it? As to where that being came from, that's beside the point. What we are trying to solve is the riddle just in front of us: where did we come from, and from whence is this Earth our home? When we can solve the riddle of our nearest origins, then the whole will

unfold.

### **Afterward**

Over the past decade since this book was originally published, we have learned much more about microbiology, how things are even more complex, and this strengthens the case of intelligent design.

Some say that these irreducibly complex systems could be used for other things as they break into simpler machines, but this is devolution, not evolution.

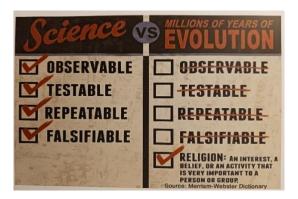
The author never said that parts of the irreducibly complex system couldn't be used for something else. He said that removing one part causes the whole system to stop functioning; it doesn't necessarily cause the individual parts to stop functioning.

Mouse traps weren't made by a handful of toothpicks getting together and deciding to be a mousetrap. You might as well assume that half of your car's transmission will jump out of your airbag. Essential components don't happily come out of accessories.

Richard Dawkins said biology is the study of living things that appear to have been designed. Thus, even to the diehard Darwinists, design is evident. It's not merely a conclusion we draw when we can't think of anything else. It's what we conclude when we get in touch with our inner ingenuity. Any engineer can pick out something that's been designed for a purpose, and he can usually pick out the purpose by looking at the structure of the object. The difficult thing would be to make the claim that random evolution is responsible for these things. The burden of proof is on the one who denies

#### what he can plainly see with his eyes.

In the absence of an explanation, we are rationally justified in assuming that complex things like Mount Rushmore were designed, not just evolved.



"All sciences begin with speculation, only Darwinism ends with it." Authors promoting evolution acknowledge this, that their work is speculation.

Assertions that microscopic machines evolved are based in speculation, not

calculations and experiments.

There are no detailed Darwinian accounts for the evolution of anything.



# <u>E. Johnson - Book</u> <u>Highlights & Commentary</u>

### Ch. 1-4

The 1960 movie 'Inherit the Wind' made fun of creation-science advocates, mocking people who didn't want evolution taught because of its atheistic themes. But what wasn't pointed out is that the person advocating evolution also advocated several bogus Neanderthal finds like 'Nebraska Man', who was like the tooth of a pig, which was said to be the tooth of a hominid monkey-man. The evolutionist argued using many falsehoods.

Just because we don't have the whole answer to replace evolution doesn't mean we can't point out how wrong evolution is. Survival of the fittest is just a tautology, saying that those who leave the most offspring leave the most offspring. It doesn't tell us anything.

Different types of eyes in the animal kingdom are not just examples of increasing complexity. There are over 40 different types of eyes. And 5% of an eye is not the same as 5% vision; only the complete eye gives any vision at all, and only with the proper receptor.

A program designed to scramble a book would not transform it into a different language or topic.

The Opponents of Darwin were leading geologists and paleontologists; it wasn't just a religious objection.

Opponents of Darwin, such as George Cuvier, were fossil experts who saw no gradual change but rather signs of various Extinctions and the creation of new species. Note: I do not see a necessity for the theory of multiple mass extinctions and multiple creations; it can all be easily accounted for in the catastrophic flood. Either way, the data doesn't support evolution.

Darwin said nature must have hidden the transitional forms!

Since Darwin, much more study of the fossil record has been done. Darwin relied on the claim that we hadn't looked enough for transitional fossils, but today, we know that new kinds of animals don't appear gradually but suddenly.

Note: And by 'new', it could just mean different, as it is placed down at a different level instead of a second creation. Fossils represent death. Again, either way, the key is that we don't see gradual forms, as evolution requires. Furthermore, even the phrase 'fossil record' can be misleading, implying that the order of fossils tells a story that it just doesn't tell.

No intermediates are found in the fossil record. Evolutionists try to explain away the sudden changes in the fossil record without transitional fossils by saying that the new fossil must have evolved over a fast geological period of time, as in hundreds of thousands of years. They say, 'because Earth is so old, we have all this time to work with.'

The Cambrian explosion is a major problem for evolutionists - nearly all the animals appear there without predecessors.

Note: Some say the flood is a different extinction, such as the Permian/Triassic, with the Cambrian being the fall of Adam, but most of the evidence I've seen points to the Cambrian as the flood. I have low confidence in claims of multiple mass extinctions, though there certainly have been multiple catastrophic events in human history.

Based on modern fossilization theory, we should not have any soft tissues that fossilized, yet we do have them. Note: The flood created the perfect setting for fossilization, making the fossil record a big testament to divine power and intervention. Evolution calls for species to die out slowly and gradually. But this is not what we see; we see mass extinction. The record does not show gradual development; scientists are aware of this.

Stasis, a lack of change, is the norm in the fossil record. Evolutionists came up with the punctuated equilibrium theory to try to explain the lack of transitional fossils by claiming there were semi-fast changes (within hundreds of thousands) that have not left behind fossil evidence. So here we have **invisible evidence** of evolution—awesome!

Scientists know that fossils don't work well for evolution. They are embarrassed by this, and they're under tremendous pressure when publishing about fossils to somehow make them fit with the theory of evolution. Note: I remember that, in one debate, an evolutionist kept trying to get away from fossils. He said, 'We don't even need fossils anymore!' as he attempted to change the conversation to genetics, which, of course, has its own plethora of obvious problems for evolution.

Note: I'm also reminded of the famous evolutionary plant biologist who, when asked what the best evidence for evolution was, said, 'the whale pelvis!' Apparently, nothing in his own field of study was compelling, and he had to turn to vague optimistic claims from another field. Of course, the whale's pelvis is needed for reproduction and isn't vestigial at all.

### Ch. 5 The 'Fact' of Evolution

Evolutionists use descent with modification to explain difficulties in classification.

Evolutionists insist that no matter how much evidence you give against evolution, nothing makes sense except for evolution.

Fossils do not show links between different species in the phylogenetic tree.

Labs are unable to show the process of change from one species to another.

Recasting the theory as fact serves no purpose other than to protect it from falsification.

Darwinists point to microevolution and claim that it is evidence for major change between species, though we have no mechanism for macroevolution (species change). It's never been shown, and no fossil evidence exists for it.

Note: You can't say, 'Well, we haven't waited millions of years, so you don't know that macroevolution doesn't happen.' For one, this is shifting the burden of proof, and for two, a vague claim that something might

happen in millions of years is inherently untestable and therefore inherently unscientific. Evolution should be classed with philosophy or religion, not science. Evolution wouldn't last long anywhere without tax funding and monopolistic control over other disciplines.

Google says there are three reasons why evolution is a fact. 1. **Microevolution**.

Note: Here they apply one process to something it has nothing to do with, like saying because I can jump on a pogo stick, that I should also be able to jump to the moon.

# 2. **Nature is imperfect** so it must not have been done by intelligence.

Note: here they assume the motives of the Creator. How do they know He isn't building in weakness into the system for a reason? Further, pointing out imperfections doesn't account for all the mind-boggling order in nature, allowing for life.

# 3. **Hominids** and mammals which are like reptiles.

Note: These claims are based on conjecture and minor differences in a tiny sampling of skeletons, which are easily accounted for in the variation of known species.

#### Ch. 6 Invertebrate Sequence

Evolution says we've got to have animalistic ancestors, so we'll pick these ones because they're the best candidates. Evolutionists look for ways to support their theory rather than questioning it (and comparing it to all the evidence nature provides).

The theory of evolution says ancestors must be there, so they insist that something they find is in fact those ancestors. There are claims about transitional fossils between amphibians and fish, but these are wild speculations. No explanation exists about how an amphibian could have developed reptilian reproduction based on Darwinian descent. The difference between a fossil mammal and a fossil reptile is very slim, based on just a few jawbones, and often it can go either way.

Note: Only basing classification on bones is a fallacy often adopted by evolutionists. They would tell you that my arm and my dog's arm are nearly indistinguishable!



If all mammals descended from a common animal, the fossil record would show the transition, but it does not. So, some evolutionists have put forth a theory that mammals descended from multiple different preliminary creatures instead of one, as Darwin said.

Note: Arguments like this get shut down quickly. Darwinism falls apart when you start allowing multiple ancestors. In truth, God created many types of animals for this world.

The Archeopteryx fossil is a bird with teeth and claws, which they claim is a transitional fossil between reptiles and birds. This is not necessarily evidence of a reptile becoming a bird; it may be like the modern platypus, which has some features of one animal type and other features of another. Evolutionists do not know what necessary processes would have occurred to change from a reptile's scales into birds' feathers and birds' lungs, etc.

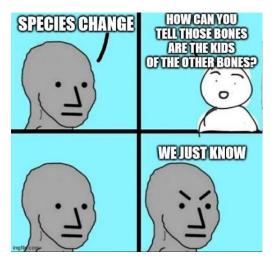
Note: Other birds also have teeth and claws. Additionally, more typical birds have been found in 'lower' geologic layers than Archeopteryx, leaving scientists to admit that they must look for the transitional fossil elsewhere.

Google originally published about 12 hominid species, establishing the link between humans and monkeys, but it later had to reduce it to five.

Note: They like to claim all sorts of finds, but it's the same story of hoaxes and imaginative supposition based on scanty evidence.

First, the theory of evolution was accepted, and later, they came up with their supporting evidence of transitional humans. With their theory in hand, evolutionists went hunting everywhere for evidence to support it. The theory did not come from a bunch of transitional skeletons we didn't know what to do with; these transitional skeletons were **invented to support the pre-existing idea** that we needed them!

Public pressure to find the missing link between humans and monkeys was so great that there were lots of frauds. Piltdown man was one of these frauds that lasted for 40 years before it was detected because they kept it heavily guarded. We see what we expect to see unless we are extremely rigorous in checking our prejudice. Nebraska man was another known fraud.



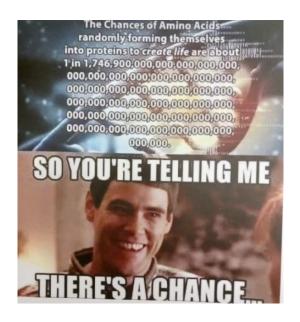
Note: There are two types of hominids. Known frauds, and undetected frauds. Many scientists recognize that Lucy is just a monkey, that Neanderthal is just a man, and so on.

Genetic evidence of mitochondrial Eve (namely, the genetic evidence that the first humans lived about 6,000 years ago) shuts down many hominid claims, limiting them to a couple of hundred thousand years.

Whales are very complex, with lots of features that couldn't have evolved over time, such as their ability to swim deep, use sonar, and allow the young to suckle without taking in water. Even the vestigial legs are a problem of great complexity for which evolution has no answers, such as when and how they would have come about.

Darwin conceded that fossil evidence weighs heavily against his theory, and the same holds true today. This is why they avoid talking about fossils and try to focus on molecular evidence.

### Ch. 7 The Molecular Evidence



Darwinists conveniently claim that all the transitional species **quickly died**, **so we don't have evidence** of them existing. (Note: What a laughable, convenient fact for them!)

Evolutionists do not insist that natural selection is the only method for speciation, but they are very vague about what else could have happened.

There are no transitional species between single-celled and multicelled life.

No explanation is given for the difference between apes and humans; no explanation for why they're different or how they became different. (Note: No legitimate cohesive reasonable sufficiently detailed explanation, at least. They are good storytellers, but their stories are all conjecture without direct evidence.)

There is no empirical evidence that transitional species link together at any

distance to a single ancestor, and no evidence that this common ancestor existed.

If molecular change occurred, it must have been at clock-like intervals, not depending on environmental changes as evolution suggests.

Just because two molecular forms are different does not imply natural selection.



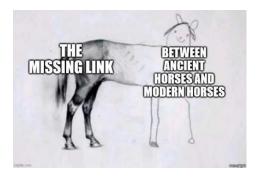
Change ACROSS species (speculative)

Change WITHIN species (demonstratable)

There's no evidence that natural selection has creative power. (Note: Nature selects, it doesn't create new material to select from. It

can show what has been described as survival of the fittest, but not arrival of the fittest. Further, beneficial mutations are extremely rare and short-lived.)

Many scientists advocate that the molecular clock says humans evolved from a common ancestor in Africa less than 200,000 years ago. Many evolutionists don't like this because it rules out a lot of the hominid transitional species from an older time and other location.



We can't just look at molecular evolution because the molecules had to be housed in

organisms which would have had to evolve along with the molecules.

The real mystery is how a simple thing could have turned into a complex thing.

Molecular information adds to the complexity, showing that these are complex machines requiring the cooperation of multiple parts to carry out their function.

Note: Every field of science brings more complexity to the table and makes evolution much more ridiculous.

The hemoglobin is so complex that it's called the molecular lung.

The more complex molecular biology, the less likely it is that mechanisms and time existed to transform one kind into another.

Note: This is why evolutionists are in the predictably humorous business of downplaying complexity and lengthening timeframes.

Testing Darwinism with molecular evidence has never even been attempted.

## Ch. 8 Pre-biological Evolution

Pre-biological evolution refers to chemicals and how they evolved.

When the Supreme Court **struck down**Louisiana's law that you must teach creation science in addition to evolution science,
Chief Justice Scalia dissented because he knew that the people of Louisiana deserve to teach evidence that doesn't support evolution. (Note: Scalia wanted more academic freedom and less of a monopoly on science. He wanted science to point out the pros and cons of multiple theories. Too bad Scalia was the minority voice! The tyranny of the majority shot down freedom.)

When scientists use the word evolution, they're trying to say an explanation of

everything from the Big Bang to the present without allowing any role for a creator (intelligent designer).

Note: Evolution is multi-disciplinary, a spreading malicious cancer killing all truth.

The Miller Yuri experiment was about taking several amino acids and attempting to spark them into a protein, but this is flawed for multiple reasons, one of which is they already started out with the amino acids.

An organism forming from prebiotic soup is about as unlikely as a tornado going through a junkyard making an airplane. These microorganisms are more complex than a spaceship, yet they say they were assembled by chance. No matter how much time you give, this is bizarre.

# Maybe Earth is old

Maybe it randomly made life

Maybe species learned how to crossbreed past genetic limits

Humans must have come from monkeys

imgflip.com



The prokaryotic bacterial cell is much more complex than a spaceship.

'Chance assembly' is another way of saying miracle.

Materialists (who dominate modern science) insist that there cannot be any supernatural element in the creation of life.

Note: No purpose is allowed, either. Jonathan Wells talks about the Smithsonian refusing to air a program on evolution that also suggested there may be some purpose in life. The evolutionists wildly protested the presentation and got it canceled. Nothing but complete atheistic secular humanism satisfies them. They must dominate all scientific discussion and ban anyone who violates their arbitrary definitions of what is and isn't 'science.'

If life were so easy to make, it would have happened many times in many places.

A popular theory is that the first RNA synthesized itself from prebiotic soup without proteins. Though this is conceivable, it is not probable or experimentally verifiable. There are many creative theories about how the first life may

have come into being, but none of them are experimentally verifiable.

Note: As Isaac Newton said, "A man may imagine things that are false, but he can only understand things that are true." The best scientists are those who demand experimental evidence and dismiss the rest as conjecture, as the pioneer scientists of the Enlightenment did.

All theories are acceptable so long as none of them are creationism, in other words, an intelligent agent creating something; they don't allow God to be involved in creation at any level or in any way.

Note: What if God is actually how the creation happened? What if all the evidence points to God? How unscientific we become as we insist on these arbitrary parameters and exclude the Truth (God) that nature points to.

Crick (one of the discoverers of DNA) and others recognize the extreme difficulty of creating life on Earth, especially within the parameters of time allotted, even though the time allotted is very long. These skeptical scientists speculate that life arrived here from some other place in space, microscopic life on an asteroid, or something. That would mean this life would have to travel through space safely and remain alive.

Crick says there may have been an extraterrestrial civilization that sent bacteria into space to start life on another planet. (Note: as I recall, even Richard Dawkins accepts the possibility that alien life forms could have placed early life here. These ideas are much closer to the truth than cosmic and chemical evolution.)

Critics of the extraterrestrial implant theory have issues with the invisibility of these extraterrestrials, but we are also working with invisible transitional hominid species.

When you must invoke invisible spacemen, it's time to admit that your theory of evolution doesn't work.

### Ch. 9 The Rules of Science



Evolution has become **orthodox**, and no one dares stray from it. The fight in Louisiana to allow creation science to be taught in school, or rather to require it to be taught if evolution is taught, was struck down by people trying to uphold the orthodoxy of evolution and liberal religion, afraid of religious fanatics. (This concept of

orthodoxy was from earlier in the book, but fits well here.)

Note: Ironically, their censorship of nonevolution-friendly ideas has made them the new fanatics.

They define science by whatever is accepted by the scientific community, meaning the official scientific community. (Note: As if group consensus could define truth. This goes against reason. With the power of reason, individuals can find truth, and groups can be mistaken.)

Science is supposed to be guided by natural law and testable with tentative conclusions that are falsifiable. Creation science doesn't fit the criteria because it's not falsifiable or testable, as it points to supernatural creation. But scientists study gravity, and they can't explain gravity by natural law.

Note: Just as gravity is a law which we observe yet don't fully understand, why not roll out the law of design? The law of

creation? Sure, we don't understand it yet, but let's put a name to what we are all seeing rather than trying to pin it on something we aren't seeing.

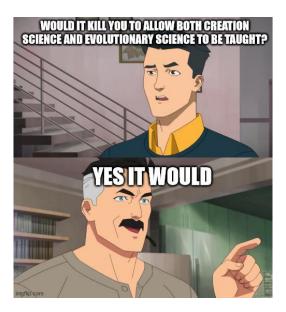


Mainstream science says the young Earth and the flood are false, but how can they say that if this science is unfalsifiable?

Creationists argue that Earth and life had to be designed, regardless of how long it took or how it was done. Then, evolution has to answer why it's against the possibility that nature was designed. Evolutionists advocate naturalistic developments without purpose, no conscious purpose or direction. (Note: It's a tall order defending that position!)

The scientific community is clear in its advocacy that God was in no way involved in evolution.

Note: Evolution is all about a theory of nature making itself. That's the whole point. Why Christians turn to this vomit for substantive truth is beyond me. Why Christian evolutionists use the time tables of natural selection when they believe in a Supernatural (beyond known nature) Creator also confounds me.



Naturalist scientists only believe in God when God is an abstract concept, uninvolved in nature.

Note: A perfect fit for the Devil's kingdom. Incomprehensible & useless. Those acquainted with the teachings of the restored gospel should be the first to object. Evolution requires naturalism, saying whatever can't be seen (detected by common methods) isn't real. Evolution uses (empirical) naturalism as the only way of finding truth.

Naturalism says all of nature is a closed system of cause and effect, not influenced by anything outside.

Note: The Christian would argue that there are levels of nature undiscovered to us, which we call spiritual. When the fullness of truth is revealed, I believe we will find God and other religious points to be quite natural after all.

Naturalism denies that a supernatural being could influence natural events such as evolution or communicate with natural creatures such as ourselves.

Note: Evolution doesn't work even with the 'God used evolution' claim, and for many reasons. Evolution is a wasteful, cruel process of trial and error. Evolution doesn't

have God's signature in any way. There are so many better ways that God could have created. We must remember that removing God from the picture is the only reason evolutionary theory was designed in the first place.

### The absence of a Creator is the essential starting point for Darwinism.

Empiricists are willing to dismiss any doctrine that doesn't match with their limited scientific evidence.

Darwinism is not empirical! You can't observe creation by natural selection any more than you can observe creation by God. Natural selection exists, but it's going really far out to say it has such creative power. The fossil record does not match the gradual changes that Darwinism implies. When it comes to explaining the origins of life and species, Darwinism is pure philosophy. If empiricism were the top goal, Darwinism would have been limited to

**observable microevolution** with no important philosophical or theological implications.

They've written a bunch of rules about what science is that keep anyone from doing anything that isn't naturalistic, and they've declared that everything that is science is truth and everything that is not science is false.

In making these arbitrary rules, scientists dismiss entire arguments from the outset and simply claim that advocates of these dissenting ideas don't understand how science works.

Note: Modern science has become a good old boys club rather than an evidence-based institution.

In one moment, evolutionists say they don't deal with religion. In the next moment, they make sweeping statements about the purpose of the cosmos.

Note: As in, the absence of purpose. How do they know? It's purely a theoretical conjecture. You might say it's a religious supposition or doctrine. They get to teach their religion, why don't we get to teach ours?

When a **paradigm** is established, it serves as **a grand organizing principle.** The paradigm of evolution has become the **lens through which we view everything** and the way we study everything.

The problem of stasis (lack of change) in the fossil record was not described for a very long time because **Darwinists did not** want to publish it. This is an example of how a paradigm can limit our understanding of nature, and delay honest research.

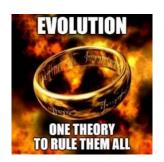


Naturalistic evolutionists don't bother with whether something is true or not, they only say it's the best way of describing things and may change in the future.

Note: In other words, they deny our ability to discover laws of nature or that such even exist. They are no longer engaged in the pursuit of truth. Since science (particularly evolutionary science) has the **monopoly on knowledge, it now has to explain philosophical and theological**questions.

They insist that this is not just their way of seeing things, it's the only way, and they're trying to convert everyone to it.

Note: Long have the creationists made the modest request that both sides be taught. Evolutionists can't stand this idea, because admitting an alternative exists dramatically limits their monopoly-based power. As soon as tyrants begin to share power, their power disappears, the game is up, and the people know what they want. The only hope of falsehood is to control, not to allow choice.



### Ch. 10 Darwinist Religion

Modern science claims that anything that can't be proven (particularly in their way) is a mere superstition, a feeling. (Note: An outdated crutch or drug people are growing out of.)

It is said that those who accept religion and science have to leave their brains at the church door.

Note: Must we check our faith at the school door? Neither option is acceptable. Truth is

drawn to truth. The great Newton was a praying man, and so have all of the greatest thinkers, inspired from on high. Of course, there are those who have rejected the higher influences and been influenced by the lower and have, as a result, invented all manner of false theories.

Modern science is at war with creationism and **demands absolute surrender.** 

An organization called ASA of Christian scientists wanted to claim that you can have it both ways with evolution and the Bible, and the science establishment came down hard on them for allowing any sort of God to be involved in any way, demanding that such involvement is unscientific.

The message of secular humanism advocated by John Dewey, etc., is that **salvation is by science**. They see science as the answer to everything.

Secular philosophers praise evolution's ability to control the destiny of mankind.



Evolution isn't just a theory; it's a theory to which all other theories must bow. It is the light that illuminates all, it is the god we must worship, and it is taking us to heaven.

Note: The church of the devil has dominion over all the Earth, and this does seem to fit the bill, particularly in light of its takeover of all other sciences, its self-declared tyranny over all methods of learning, and its forceful attempts to be the only voice allowed to answer questions of philosophy and theology, whose conclusions are atheism and death.

Evolution is indoctrination, not education.

### Ch. 11 Darwinist Education

Darwinism is deduced by logic, not experimental evidence.

Scientific theories are often related to social theories.

One exhibit said that Darwinism is one of several theories about the origin of Life, etc. The evolutionists promptly removed this and replaced it with a sign that said the evidence supports Darwinism.



Policies avoid referring to evolution itself; rather, they refer to 'science,' not wanting to admit that evolution is a special case of controversy.

Teachers and students are not allowed to discuss disbelief in Darwinism any more than they're allowed to discuss disbelief in 2 + 2 = 4.

Note: Education is supposed to be non-dogmatic and evidence-based to promote understanding. Evolution dogmatically taught in school is about gaining converts to an orthodox theory.

They say evolution belongs to the category of knowledge, not belief, yet we must believe in these transitional fossils we can't see, in life sparking into existence on its own, and in one species transforming into another, none of which has ever been observed.

The language that evolution is couched in is calculated more to conceal knowledge than to portray it.

<u>Ch. 12 Science &</u> Pseudoscience



Marx made predictions, and when those predictions failed to come to pass, his followers modified them so that they looked like they still came to pass.

Note: Surely, Marx is the anti-prophet of the apocalypse. Something similar happens with Darwinism and Neo-Darwinism, always running to the next idea to prop up a failed theory. Darwinism is beyond all reason and should not be used as the basis for any coherent theory.

People base their entire careers on theories like evolution, and they're afraid to see them go down.

Freud was a pseudoscientist.

Note: Freud the fraud is known for rejecting rationality, claiming that we are at the core unpredictable and irrational. His apocalyptic anti-humanity theories continue to plague society.

The word evolution means lots of different things. The trick is to use it to prove something very simple and then apply that to everything else. Demonstrate a minor change and use that to claim that major changes happen.

Amongst themselves Darwinists blame everything on natural selection. When criticized about just how that works, they change the subject to molecular evolution and claim that we don't even really need natural selection because there are other methods.

When molecular science came around, it was just what the evolutionists had predicted... after they changed their theory to accommodate the new information.

Note: Of course, molecular science completely refutes Darwinism, showing that nature is far to complicated and diverse to have originated from a common ancestor, no matter how much time is given.

Evolutionists call anyone who believes in a creator who is involved in our day-to-day lives a 'religious fundamentalist.'

Scientists are devoted to **protecting** evolution, not defending it.

Scientific naturalism is philosophical, not scientific.

## Additional Creation Writer Highlights



## Ark in the Darkness Documentary Highlights



The ark structure is ideal; large ships today have similar structures.

Only about 7000 animals would have to be on the ark.

The Hebrew flood word is "Mabul." It appears only twice: in the flood of Noah and in Psalm 29:10, which says God sat as king at the flood.

Gen. 6 has 60x repeated words like "all" and "every," showing Noah's flood was global.

A local flood couldn't last that long.

If the flood had been local, the ark would not have been needed, all the animals would not have needed to be on it, and Noah's family could have just walked away.

Note: If it were a local flood, the covenant never to repeat such would be violated repeatedly by now. Animals wouldn't need to board the ark. Hundreds of world legends wouldn't attest to the worldwide flood. Hundreds of pieces of geological evidence wouldn't suggest a worldwide flood (look at Universal Model Science's chapter on geological evidence for the flood).

The judgment on mankind was great "on the earth," so it wasn't a local flood. (Note – the covenant was established with Noah because he was the last man standing.)

A mere local judgment in the past means that the future Jesus would be merely local. No, both are worldwide (according to the scriptures). (Note – and the fire to come will also be universal.)

You can't find Eden because it's buried under 1000s of feet of sediment. The preflood world was destroyed.

Mainstream scientists accept that there was a global flood on now dry Mars, but they refuse it for Earth, despite Earth being already mostly underwater. Earth is 70 percent covered in water.

Note—this refusal to admit a worldwide flood on Earth, despite the evidence of it in nature, must be motivated by atheism. Vindicating the Bible in such a big way would be unthinkable to establishment science.

In phase 1 of the flood, the mid-ocean ridge bulges, water rises a mile, and a tsunami occurs as it erupts.

If trenches weren't so deep and some mountains less high, our world would all be underwater today.

Antonio Pellegrini, a Christian, came up with continental drift decades before Wegener. Antonio cited Genesis, which states that there was only one continent at the time of creation.

Mid-Atlantic ridges are scars from where

the great deep opened.

Each large tsunami would bring another layer of sediment. These tsunamis could cover entire continents.

Dinosaurs are found in fossil beds with thousands of animals. There aren't erosion channels (indicating rivers); a powerful flood would have killed them.

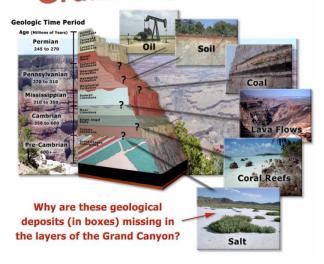
There are buried trees that span several layers of sediment supposedly millions of years old. Trees can't stay intact for millions of years; if they were buried a little at a time, they would decompose. The Grand Canyon layers could have been deposited in a mere year!

Note: The Grand Canyon layers are missing organic material between the layers, and diverse fossil life between the layers. These would be evident if the layers were deposited over large periods of time. 600 million years of deposition should reveal

billions of plant and animal fossils, but they're not there!



### Grand Canyon - Missing Layers



(Images: Universal Model Science Textbooks)

Fossil trees are missing their root systems because they were transported in tsunamis. Being bottom-heavy, they sank bottom down and were buried, thus standing. Sea creature fossils are mixed with land creatures; they all were swept together in the flood.



Earth is mainly made of water-formed sedimentary rock layers.

Bended and folded rock could only occur if the layers were soft and pliable at their formation. **Bottom layers still had to be saturated with water without time to dry out.** 

Sedimentary layers span entire continents, showing they were formed simultaneously. Sediment from the east is found in the west.

Complete rapid burial is needed for fossilization, which suggests cataclysmic events. There are trillions of fossils, yet normally, dead things decompose into dust.

Note – A special environment had to be present for quartz-based rock to be formed, which is what most fossils are. Mere calcification is not what we are dealing with in the fossil record. Only the massive flood of Noah created the exact water-pressure-heat recipe to turn bones and trees into quartz-based rock. Universal Model Science textbooks have fascinating chapters on this and demonstrate the creation of a quartz-based petrified wood fossil in a laboratory. These experiments indicate that the flood was indeed very deep, to the tune of 5 miles!

Water percolated into the flood sediment, bringing minerals needed for fossilization.

Note: Remember that massive amounts of sediment are being shot up from the

'fountains of the deep.'

Wasp fossils are seen with open wings and legs in flight position - they were flying to escape and were trapped. We have fossils of fish-eating other fish. Fossilization was rapid and catastrophic!

All layers have saltwater creatures.

Asteroids causing dust and climate change death wouldn't bury the dinosaurs. The asteroid was invented 40 years ago when the previous theory didn't work.

Note: Many scientists are beginning to admit that flooding caused the extinction of the dinosaurs. Yep, it was Noah's flood! This enormous one-time event changed the world in ways we scarcely comprehend. The Universal Model Science textbooks contain many quotations of mainstream scientists making these admissions.

Volcanism and water are what Genesis says

happened in Noah's flood, killing all the animals via volcanic openings from the ocean floors. But secular humanists say it was a meteor impact.

Box turtles, ducks, and boa constrictors—all seven groups of animals—have been **found** with the dinosaurs. Museums won't show modern animals in dinosaur displays. They want you to think these animals didn't coexist, but that evolution occurred instead.

Soft tissue in dinosaur bones smelling of purification is a recent discovery that mainstream science doesn't want to get out. These dinosaur bones have elastic material, muscle tissue, and red blood cells on them. These can't be old, 100,000 years tops, yet these are supposed to be tens of millions of years old. Sixteen types of biogenic material are found on these dinosaur bones. (Note: It's not just bacteria that got on the bone like some scoffers claim.) Collagen lasts

.001% as long as evolution requires. Scientists publishing this get fired for promoting religious views, but it's just publishing scientific evidence.

Note: Evolution strikes again! If your findings contradict that narrative, they'll be buried until we 'emerge' from the dark age of evolution!

Dragon legends are about the remaining dinosaurs that were hunted.

Science proves a genetic bottleneck of the human population, as we would see from Noah's family repopulating the earth.

There are about 200 flood traditions, very similar to the Bible account, with a family surviving on a boat from a flood sent by God. These traditions are even from places far from the ocean.

Genesis 1-11 takes place before mankind scattered, and people have legends of these

shared events of creation, the flood, and then the tower of Babel.

The tower of Babel was a one-world government building project that God stopped by confusing the languages.

There's only one race; we are all from Adam. This inspires love for all.

Language families lead to dead ends, which contradicts the 'emerged' evolutionary language idea. Languages trace back to the time of the Tower of Babel.

At the time of the Tower of Babel, there were 70 nation groups. Today we have that many root languages.

People were surprised at the flood, and the second coming of Jesus will mirror this surprise. The flood was a judgment similar to what will come.

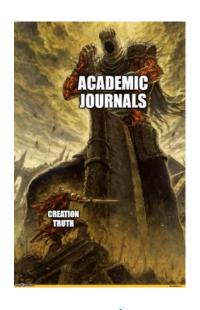
Public square teachings are against marriage and promote all forms of sexual deviation.

The Bible records predicted events that happened exactly as predicted. Jesus came to Earth at the only time all the prophecies about the Messiah could be fulfilled.

The sin of one man brought death to all. Sinlessness of one man brings life to all.

There was only 1 door into the ark, and there's only 1 way to salvation, which is Jesus Christ.

See Dr. John Baumgardner, Dr. Andrew Fabich, Dr. Gabriella Haynes, Dr. Mark Horstemeyer, Dr Charles Jackson, Dr. Terry Mortenson, Dr. Randall price, the Logos research Association, Dr. Andrew Selling, Dr. Carl Werner.



<u>Dragons or Dinosaurs?</u>
<u>Creation or Evolution? By</u>
<u>Darek Isaacs – Documentary</u>
<u>Highlights & Commentary</u>

Produced by Cloud Ten Pictures. These notes are in my own words and do not represent all the ideas in the presentation.

See

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =zgLDE\_6TepM

The word dinosaur was invented after the Bible was published. They use jackal now instead of dragon because of the fear of evolutionists, but the word should be translated as dinosaur based on the descriptions of historians.

There is much lore of dragons across cultures.

One Indian legend said a giant bird that lived in the mountaintops would bring thunder when it visited them. For a bird to live on the mountaintops, it would need the updraft from a thunderstorm to get there, hence the Indians' saying it was a bird that brought lightning.

Many things that existed in the supposed age of dinosaurs are still around today, like Oaks and other trees.

We find most fossils in sediment deposited by water, like in Noah's flood, when suddenly massive amounts of water came. Most bones are very scattered since they are devoured when they fall to the floor of the ocean. Also, calcium carbonate is soluble in seawater. Hence, forming fossils is a rare thing to happen.

Note: But the near-complete skeletons and fossil graveyards indicate rapid burial.

Mt. Saint Helens formed many layers of sediment, not taking hundreds of years to form but one day. This surprised geologists.

Measure current lava flow from Hawaii, and you won't get o years old, but ancient.

As one study, RATE, shows, radioactive decay rates have been increased in certain periods of history.

The presentation goes over evidence for the Earth being about 6000 years old. (about 50min in).

Note: Earth could be 13k with a 7k creation, applying the 1:1000 ratio that appears several times in scripture. Either way, it's a finite short amount of time, not the fantastical millions of years dreamed up by evolutionists to attempt to justify, or rather mask, their godless claims.

Lava flow in a canyon (that is younger than the canyon) is measured as older than the canyon. More C14 discussion is presented.

The presentation goes over dinosaur bones found with blood cells in them; this is fresh marrow with soft blood vessels. This could

not be if that animal died many years ago!

Charles Lyell said, "I am sure you may get into Q.R. [Quarterly Review] what will **free the science from Moses**, for if treated seriously, the party are quite prepared for it." (June 14 letter to George Poulett Scrope)

These teachings brought on statements such as, "Lyell saw himself as "**the spiritual saviour of geology**, freeing the science from the **old dispensation of Moses**." (Porter, Roy S. (July 1976). "Charles Lyell and the Principles of the History of Geology". The British Journal for the History of Science. **32** (2): 91–103.)

If life were to go from microbes to man, it would take **more like googol years** than billions of years; evolutionists say billions of years is a way of saying an impossible thing can happen.

They say that over billions of years,

anything is possible, but would you claim a person could **win** the **lottery daily for 100 years**? This is the type of claim evolutionists make.

Evolutionists say the simplest life was long ago, like a jellyfish, but they actually have about as much DNA as we do. (Not so simple, are they?)

If you want to say things are by chance in being formed, what is the difference between billions of years vs. thousands of years?

There should be millions of species between other species in evolution, but there are not. Darwin's stages of animals, etc., are no longer what we use.

Note: Remember this key from Meyer in 'Darwin's Doubt:' With how much we know about the fossil record now, we can't claim that these transitional fossils might be out

there somewhere. It's like reaching into a bag of marbles and pulling out blue, red, and yellow. At first, you think the whole rainbow might be in there, but as you keep pulling out marbles and only get the same three colors, you can't keep saying that it's likely the whole rainbow is in there, much less the whole spectrum of colors between each color!

Newton, Boyle, Maxwell, Faraday, Carver, Pasteur—all these were Christian Biblebelieving people. They helped open us to more science than most.

Note: I encountered a rather upset fellow once who rejoiced that religion is no longer involved in science. I can see where he is coming from, but the larger reality is that 1. Christianity gave us science as we know it, calling for a study of nature as a predictable, reliable thing made by a single God abiding by fixed laws, and 2. The spirit of God

inspired godly men in the past to lead to the greatest discoveries. Today, we have fewer discoveries about nature, and many false theories prevail in our atheistic climate, without the spirit of God (who is Truth) to help us navigate. 3. Today we are ever seeking and never finding the truth. Sure, we are making advancements in technology, but no new laws of nature are being discovered, and therefore, many aspects of nature's puzzle remain unsolved.

Job 40 says, "I made (this beast of beasts) along with you." Some Hebrew experts say it was the largest land animal God made. It was said to have a tail like a Cedar tree. Consider the Cedars of Lebanon, they are huge. Another place says arms like great bars of iron.

Job 41 describes Leviathan as leaving a trail in the mud that shatters pots, etc. God describes it as having layers of shields with no gaps between them and breathing fire. There is a beetle that shoots hot liquid at things, the electric eel that electrocutes, and the cobra that shoots poison into the eye. There is a hollow part in the dinosaur's body with an unknown function; it could be for mixing chemicals to make fire.

Were dinosaurs on Noah's ark? The average size of a dinosaur is that of a goat. Animals were on the boat so they could reproduce. Science today teaches that they could reproduce at age 8 to 10, so young dinosaurs would have been brought. Many of them would have been wiped out by the flood.

There are legends of hunting dragons; that is one way there are fewer of them.

The ice age after Noah's flood could have killed many dinosaurs, as well.

Note: There are many ice age theories, ranging from many to none.

Many advocate that humans came into existence randomly without a Creator, and they often do this, so they don't have to be accountable to a Creator. When Christ returns, evolutionary theory will utterly disappear.

Note: And we won't just say 'God used evolution.' The timetables are unnecessary when you're dealing with supernatural creation. Jesus instantly turns water into wine, heals the sick, calms the storm, etc. One by one, every aspect of the theory of evolution will fall into oblivion as the truth shines forth.

Evolutionary theory is driven by paradigms, not by evidence.

The Appellation and the Himalayan mountains were formed by the flood. Fossils are present in them because animals were crushed in the flood.

Note: Another theory is that the waters went high above these mountains. Maybe it's some of both.

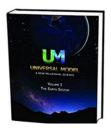
Today, one of the biggest reasons they can't believe in Jesus is because of what they teach in science class in school; **based on what they teach in school, the Bible does not make sense!** 

Today's science is proving that processes that were thought to take millions of years can be done in very short periods of time. (Note: This is true from fossilization to coal formation to layer deposition to canyon formation, etc.)

Man's views and opinions are always changing; rest your hopes and views on God's wisdom, not man's.

Forensic scientists don't see crimes; they make conclusions and suggestions on what could have happened. The judge and jury will determine the case by eyewitness. This is what the Bible does for us.

# Review of Universal Model: A New Millennial Science Textbooks Vols. 1 & 2 by Dean Sessions





I've never seen a science work, even a creation science work, make religion so obviously scientific. The Universal Model makes a strong case for religion as a reasonable central thing that goes with science.

One strength of UM is that it demonstrates the 7000-year creation as set forth in scripture (such as 2 Peter 3:8), and shows, by citing many academics and conducting experiments, that these doctrines are what science naturally demonstrates. Even if you view days of creation as shorter than this, UM has tremendous resources to disprove evolution's millions and billions of years propaganda.

Ch. 1-4 Introduction: This prepares readers to understand that modern science is significantly flawed. People might initially see the "big picture of modern science" (against Darwin and Einstein) without seeing the evidence and automatically reject UM (of course, it's inherently hard to share new ideas with the world, and we can't get everyone on board).

Ch. 5 The Magma Pseudotheory – In Chapter 7 on water, we see lots of answers which the magma chapter poses. The diagrams and images were extra helpful in dismantling the magma theory.

Ch. 6 The Rock Cycle Pseudotheory –These writings are writings preparatory for the flood chapter and require an understanding of the magma pseudo-theory.

Ch. 7 The Hydroplanet Model – Revolutionary findings to finally prove the old water-planet idea held by people long ago. Here, the magma mysteries are answered.

Ch. 8, The Universal Flood Model—This chapter addresses the mysteries posed in Chapter 6 on the rock cycle. Hundreds of geological evidences are given for the worldwide flood.

Ch. 9 The Weather Model – This research clarifies confusing meteorology. There were exciting concepts here, particularly the geofield.

Ch. 10, The Age Model—This chapter exposes flaws in radiometric dating and provides numerous excellent examples. I particularly enjoyed the sections on DNA and dendrochronology. This chapter demonstrates true dating methods and exposes false ones. I appreciate the one-day-to-1,000-year conversion from Scripture (2 Peter 3:8 etc.) being applied to and evident in scientific research.

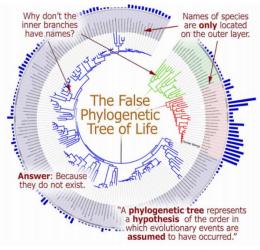
This chapter will open people's eyes to how shaky modern science is since the age of the Earth is so dogmatically promoted.

The Earth's core is crucial for determining the Earth's age once all the pieces are put together.

Ch. 11 The Fossil Model – Most are surprised to hear of the flood fossilizing everything, UM nailed how it happened by successful experimentation. All of UM is anti-evolution, albeit in different aspects of that battle.

Ch. 12 The Evolution Pseudotheory – It's nice that UM includes a few overviews of some contributions from other creation science texts in here, too. UM gives credit where it's due and takes things to a whole new level. The magma exposé brings a whole new branch of strength to the antievolution topic, which most people miss.

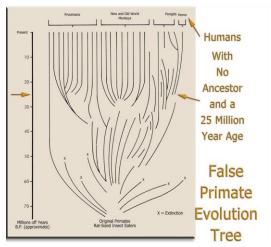
Here are some great illustrations and a few scientists quoted from the evolution chapter of UM, as well as related chapters (actually, the whole of the UM books are all against evolution):



(Image: Universal Model 2)



(Image: Universal Model 2)



(Image: Universal Model 2)

#### Soil Formation Evidence

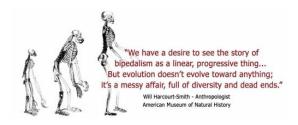


The above image from Universal Model Vol. 1 Ch. 8 demonstrates that continents weren't subducted and uplifted multiple times as modern geology claims, and that the thickness of the organic soil layer on the surface indicates the time each layer took to form. Because soil formation times can be generally determined, these soil layers indicate that a worldwide event took place

only several thousand years ago, depositing the sediment beneath the topsoil layer.

"One of the major stumbling blocks is the lack of evidence concerning fossil forms and the ignorance about the direction of evolutionary trends and rates of evolution. This creates a serious problem, since without data, weighting of characters in classification is largely subjective, and a truly evolutionary classification will never be a reality." Frank E. Poirier, Fossil Evidence, p12; Universal Model 2 p180

"We have a desire to see the story of bipedalism as a linear, progressive thing... but evolution doesn't evolve toward anything; it's a messy affair, full of diversity and dead ends." (Will Harcourt-Smith – Anthropologist, American Museum of Natural History)



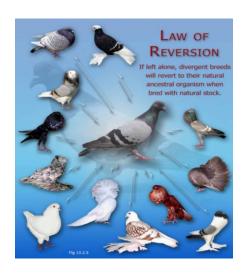
"...the human family of species are arranged in an orderly procession from **primitive forms up to modern Man**. But such scenarios are **subjective**...they are **unscientific**." (Henry Gee)



(Images from Universal Model 2)







Ch. 13 The Living Model – Clearly explains the laws of living things, making it exciting to see the higher intelligence being emphasized. The Earth as a Pond idea was awesome. The microbe concept is certainly revolutionary and makes God's existence obvious.

Chapter 14: The History Model—This fascinating language record is based on the Tower of Babel. The simplicity of the 3 original races was mind-blowing. A family history chart tracing back to Adam is shown.

Both history and science are fraught with error, and UM is an epic help in grounding us as we approach those subjects, a reminder to take the Bible seriously and literally, etc.

Ch. 15 The Clovis Model – Human fossil artifacts in the USA show that pre-flood people lived there. This, I'm sure, will be news to many. All of this helps prove that God placed humans here at a specific time,

and that humans haven't lived on earth for an extended period.

Ch. 16 The Human Model – I loved the material against childlessness and abortion. Kids these days want to know why having children is important, and this chapter explains why in a way that is relevant even for those who don't believe in God.

Some kids reject God and everything to do with God when they don't like a particular church. UM helps demonstrate how God is reasonable and how basic concepts of faith are important, even for those who don't have a trusted religion yet. It helps them not to be atheists, however popular. It demonstrates that religious people are happier, etc. There were good demonstrations in psychology and successful family life in this chapter.

I loved the political science model and its boldness in showing that we need a balance and a medium but also that the liberals have taken over and are toxic. UM does that in a scientific way. I love it when UM is bold! Truth has permission to be bold!

In the medical model, I discovered numerous new ideas that renewed my faith not only in good nutrition but also in herbalism and natural methods to help improve irregular conditions. The Jethro Kloss "Back to Eden" information about natural medicine is fascinating. I know his ideas need to be proven like any other idea, but I do see the weight of evidence from his healing many people. Naturally, academic journals, etc., will do everything they can to get rid of these things which don't cost boatloads of money, and which cure people (getting rid of their return clients)!

UM exposes many conspiracies, and many sacred texts warn of them. The conspiracies often go deeper than most are willing to admit. UM does well with the vaccine writings, showing that they have potential, but are typically useless and dangerous compared to natural immunity.

This subchapter advocates natural, whole foods and eating primarily plant based.

UM shows that humans are meant for life on Earth, which suggests a creator, that we don't thrive in artificial environments, and that this applies to what we eat as well. This is brilliant. It proves that life is intentional and full of purpose.

The noetic science stuff was interesting. UM makes a great point that conscience is beyond science, that we can prove that the spiritual realm is real, etc. UM endorses the idea that people (like prophets and other inspired individuals) can have information in ways that are purely spiritual. We say faith is just for religion, but UM shows it's for science. We also say religion is just faith, but perhaps someday soon, people will recognize that much of religion is provable, and UM has done well at highlighting this.

UM mentions that the psychics who didn't charge for their services were typically the most successful, which would make sense.

UM highlights that scientists are openly anti-religion. It does a great job of proving this, and it helps paint the picture overall that history, including the Bible, is fundamental to science. It shows that Godless science doesn't work!

The human model covers topics that are more familiar to the public and will be quite easy to read. All of UM is understandable, but this chapter, which people already know something about, will be quite easy to follow.

Volume 2 introduces the social sciences, not just the hard sciences into the picture, and it makes UM all the more beautiful and simple, not being afraid of these controversial subjects, these more 'subjective' sciences; UM makes them more objective, and shows how bias and atheistic agendas have made social sciences into watered down and less useful, and by doing this UM shows how correct use of social sciences can be very useful. Everyone would

do well to remember that we have potential for both physical and social science in a good way.

# By Design: Behe, Lennox, and Meyer on the Evidence for a Creator on Hoover Institution – Lecture Highlights 2022

## https://youtu.be/rXexaVsvhCM

The Cambrian explosion and other times in the geologic record show that birds appear suddenly, reptiles appear suddenly, and fish appear suddenly; there are no intermediate species.

Findings are going away from Darwin not towards him because we are finding more unique animals not animals with similar intermediate species.

In the fossil record an animal appears stays and then disappears upon extinction or survives to today.

Just opening a niche after a mass extinction does not mean new species are going to be created because there's no code for them.

Evolution does not answer the question of the original life; it claims that life has changed, but it doesn't explain how life started.

Life cannot have originated on Earth, mathematically there's not enough time even for evolution.



In Darwin's day they did not know cells were very complex, they looked like little bobs of jelly; today we know cells are run by many complex machines. In their simplistic view of nature, they thought it was reasonable for natural selection to evolve

life. But it isn't reasonable. It's WAY too complex.

# <u>Judgement Day: Intelligent</u> <u>Design on Trial by NOVA -</u> <u>Highlights & Analysis</u>

A Dover Pennsylvania school district had science teachers read a 1-minute statement saying intelligent design (ID) is an alternative to evolution. That life is too complex to have evolved on its own, and that evolution's theories have numerous holes. Many science teachers and parents became angry about this and sued the school, saying that the school was pushing religion. The science teachers refused to read the one-minute ID possibility statement required by the board! Court trials ensued. Currently, it is considered a violation of rights to teach ID!



The evolutionists in the presentation said ID is just an attempt to push religion. They said they value their theory more than mere facts (what!?). They spoke of how evolution is much more than a theory to them, and how doubting evolution would be like saying the US Civil War never occurred (so much for evolution being a theory). They talk about the "theory of gravity" – wait, isn't it the "law" of gravity? Yep, because we have specifically demonstrated it over and over, unlike the evolution of species (and no one can even define species, because they don't want to be exposed when we show that one species can't cross into another)! The

evolutionists in the presentation claim that nothing has disturbed the theory of evolution for 150 years. This is ultimate pride. How can these scientists be unaware of the scores of errors in this theory and make such a pompous statement? Ultimately, the evolutionists, of course, won the case.

The ID (intelligent design) advocates in the presentation said they wanted evolution and ID to be taught to give the students fair exposure to both theories. George W Bush favored intelligent design being taught at schools as another theory to be presented. (Good for Bush!) Of course, the presentation did a terrible job of explaining the ID view, not talking about any evidence of ID, but mainly just featuring ID people talking about how upset they are.

They put on quite a show, demonstrating the blundering horrors of the twisted creationists (obviously threats and vandalism are uncalled for, but why focus on that?), while leaving the evolutionists enthroned, not showing flagrant deception perpetrated by their hand. This bias, even in this documentary on a two-sided battle, is not surprising as NOVA itself is, of course, a dogmatic evolutionist, as all mainstream "scientific" establishments are these days.

Michael Behe, author of Darwin's Black Box, presented a few cases for ID, such as the flagellum motor and other irreducibly complex parts. These are parts that, if removed, the whole system doesn't work and, therefore, cannot form through gradual evolution.

Of course, NOVA gives the evolutionists plenty of time to argue about this, as most of the presentation is devoted to evolution rather than ID.

### **Analysis:**

The real issue is that we have misunderstood the separation of church and state for a long time now. It wasn't meant to mean the state should be free from religion, as in only allowing atheism. It was meant not to have the state push a certain church as the only true church. Saying that intelligent design is one of various scientific theories in no way violates the separation of church and state.

Science should be concerned with pointing out flaws in all theories. If evolution doesn't hold water, they should drop it.
Unfortunately, conspiring leaders dogmatically and militantly drive evolution. Ironically, atheism has become the state religion, and no dissenting views are tolerated. It's a vertical wall in the academic journals and peer review process when you try to publish anything that contradicts evolution. These professional Pharisees don't dare put their name on the line by getting involved.

One flaw in the theory of evolution is the tree of life, which has many gaps. The tree is shown a few times in the presentation, but there is no tree! There are some similar species, but there is no continuous flow of one species to the next, culminating in the evolution of the human.

One flaw of the ID theory (it's more of a tenant of popular creationism in particular than intelligent design) is that limiting idea that the creation took place in 7 days, when the Bible itself says that 1000 years to man is a day to God, meaning a 7000-year creation is wholly possible within the parameters of the 7-day narrative of the Bible. The critics of ID always talk about a ridiculous 7-day creation, when ID is not even necessarily limited to that! It could be either way.

<u>Intelligent Design resources mentioned in</u> <u>the presentation:</u> Textbook: Of Pandas and People: The Central Question of Biological Origins, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.

Darwin's Black Box by Michael Behe

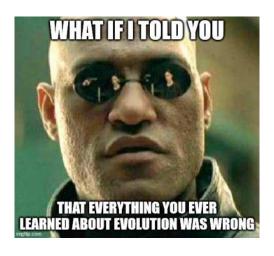
Discovery Institute: a major organization in favor of intelligent design

DVD: Unlocking the Mystery of Life

Book: Darwin on Trial by Phillip E. Johnson

Movie: "Inherit the Wind" is an old movie retelling the account of a Tennessee teacher fined for teaching evolution at school back in the day. They portray evolutionists as sophisticated and the ID advocates as backwards hillbillies, which is biased. One value of this movie might be in simply demonstrating to youth that there is debate, that it's not all one-sided as modern schools portray.

Book: Traipsing into Evolution by the Discovery Institute, responding the Dover case.



# They Aren't Falling for Evolution, And You Don't Have to Either!

An abundant corpus of research exists pointing out flawed claims of evolutionary science.

In this easily understandable little book, I highlight some key data points and philosophical arguments presented by creation science / intelligent design researchers.

Some topics treated include hominids, transitional fossils, the phylogenetic tree, homologous and vestigial structures, junk DNA, radiometric dating, the geologic column, academic bias, and more.

Some authors and works highlighted in this volume include Darwin's Doubt by Stephen Meyer, Scientific Creationism by Henry Morris, Darwin's Black Box by Michael Behe, The Politically Incorrect Guide to Darwinism by Jonathan Wells, Darwin on Trial by Phillip Johnson, Universal Model: A New Millennial Science by Dean Sessions, Ark in the Darkness, Dragons or Dinosaurs, Is Genesis History, and more!